

HPH 6500
HYDRAULIC HAMMER
& POWER PACK

INNOVATIVE PILING EQUIPMENT

HYDRAULIC PILING HAMMERS

EXCAVATOR MOUNTED VIBRATORS

EXCAVATOR MOUNTED DRILLS

QUIET, VIBRATIONLESS PUSH-PULL PILING

PILE EXTRACTION

SHEET PILE GUIDE FRAMES

SHEET PILE CAPPING SYSTEMS

CFA CLEANERS

PILE POINTS & SPLICERS

HANDLING / LIFTING







HPH6500 HYDRAULIC

HAMMER AND POWER PACK DHP170-04 - ONWARDS

- USER'S MANUAL

HAMMER SERIAL NO:
HAMMER COMMISSION DATE:
POWER PACK SERIAL NO:
POWER PACK COMMISSION DATE:
ENGINE TYPE:
ENGINE SERIAL NO:
POWER PACK TYPE:

CONTENTS

0.0 EC Declaration of Conformity

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 Basic Safety Points
 - Basic Specifications of HPH6500 four drawings
 - Lifting the HPH6500 & Power Pack drawing
- 1.2 Transportation and laying hammer down

2.0 How does the Hammer Work?

Figure 1

3.0 Configuring the Hammer for Pile Driving

- 3.1 The Basic Hammer Configuration
- 3.2 Free Hanging Configuration with Universal Guide Sleeve
- 3.3 Free Hanging Configuration Leg Guides to drive Steel Sheet Piles or H-piles
- 3.4 Lead Mounted Configurations
- 3.5 Using the Hammer Underwater

4.0 Power Pack and Hammer Operation

- 4.1 Connecting the hydraulic hoses and control pendant
- 4.2 Checking the power pack
- 4.3 Starting the power pack
 - 4.3.1 Hydraulic oil warm-up procedure
- 4.4 Using the hammer
 - 4.4.1 Installing hammer on the pile
 - 4.4.2 Bleeding air from the hammer hydraulic system
 - 4.4.3 Pile driving with the hammer
 - 4.4.4 Cold running/over-travel
 - 4.4.5 Refusal
 - 4.4.6 Alternative to Pendant Control

Figure 2

5.0 Hammer Maintenance

- 5.1 Daily maintenance
- 5.2 Planned 125 hour maintenance checks
- 5.3 Planned 250 hour maintenance checks
 - 5.3.1 Changing Disc Springs
 - 5.3.2 Other items

Figure 4 Hammer Dolly Photographs

- 5.4 Planned 500 hour maintenance checks
- 5.5 Planned 1000 hour maintenance checks

Figure 3

5.6 Preventative Maintenance Guideline Chart

6.0 Power Pack Maintenance

- 6.1 Power pack specifications
 - 6.1.1 Basic specification
 - 6.1.2 Lubrication specification
- 6.2 Daily maintenance checks
- 6.3 Planned maintenance checks
 - 6.3.1 Every 125 hours
 - 6.3.2 Every 250 hours
 - 6.3.3 Every 500 hours
 - 6.3.4 Every 1000 hours
- 6.4 Maintenance procedures
- 6.5 Setting procedures

7.0 Troubleshooting

- 7.1 Power pack engine will not start
- 7.2 Engine cuts out during running
- 7.3 Power pack does not generate any pressure
- 7.4 Power pack generates pressure but hammer does not run
- 7.5 Hammer will lift but not drop
- 7.6 Hammer runs erratically
- 7.7 Excessive hose 'jumping'
- 7.8 Hammer 'jumping' excessively on pile top
- 7.9 Stroke height indicator will not move

8.0 Appendices

- 8.1 Hammer parts lists includes options
 - 8.1.1 Hydraulic Hose Details for HPH6500
- 8.2 Accumulator parts list and instructions
- 8.3 Energy Monitoring System (EMS) parts list and instructions.
- 8.4 See Cummins service manual
- 8.5 Power pack parts list
 - 8.5.1 Hydraulic circuit schematic
 - 8.5.2 Electrical circuit schematic
 - 8.5.3 General assembly drawings
- 8.6 Tool kit parts list



The responsible person:-

DAWSON CONSTRUCTION PLANT LIMITED

CHESNEY WOLD, BLEAK HALL MILTON KEYNES MK6 1NE ENGLAND

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Description:	Hydraulic Hammer & Power Pack		
Type:	НРН6500		
Serial Numbers:			
1 1	ctive 91/368/EE	o the Machinery Directive89/392/EEC(a) EC(b), Council Directive 93/44/EEC(c) C(d).	
Signed for and on behalf of			
Dawson Construction Plant L	imited:		
	Name:	David Brown	
	Position:	Director	
	Date:	//	

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The D.C.P. Hydraulic Hammer has been designed and manufactured to meet the demands of today's contractor. The hammer has many advantages over traditional piling hammers, including <u>other</u> hydraulic hammers:

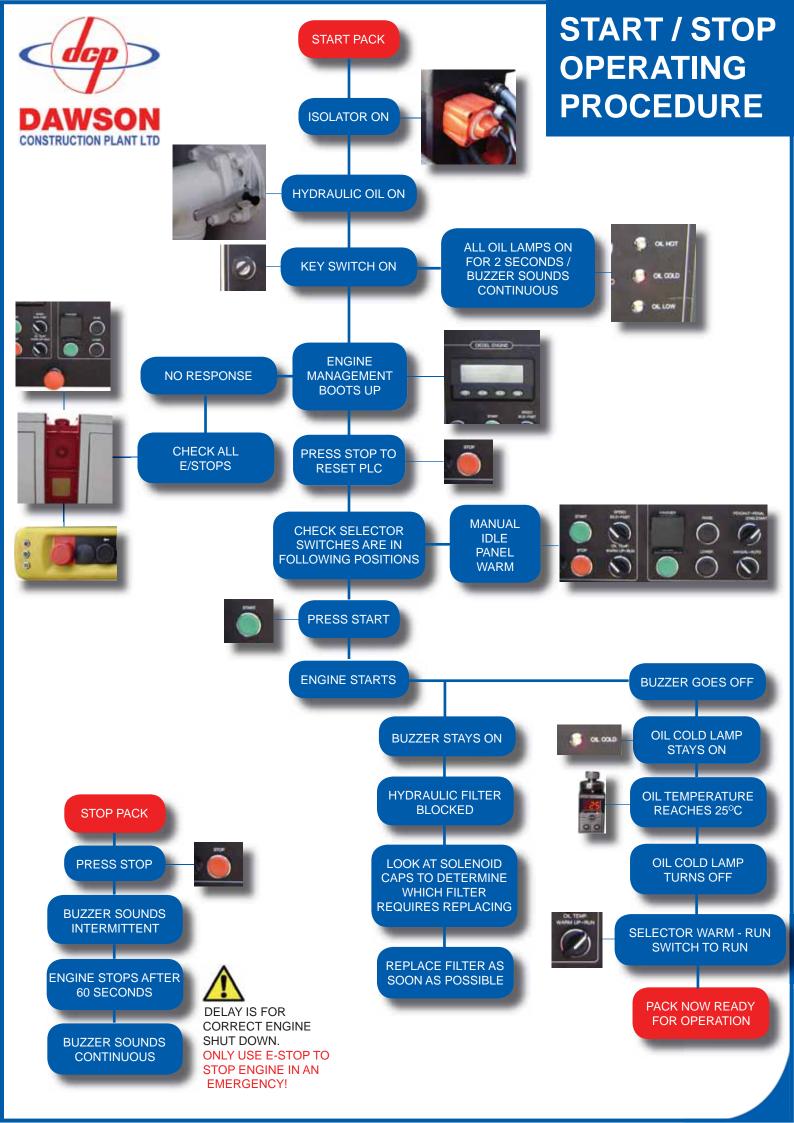
- Rapid blow rate. The hammer is double acting, not only giving high-energy output, but also increasing the speed of operation. This inevitably increases production <u>and</u> keeps the pile on the move. All Dawson hammers hit at 80 blows per minute at maximum energy rating and up to 130 blows per minute at minimum energy.
- Energy output is derived from a heavy ram impacting at a speed that will minimise pile head damage. This means that apparently lighter weight pile sections can be driven with the HPH6500 at lower energy settings without over stressing the pile. Other double acting hydraulic hammers produce their energy from high impact velocity this is a prime cause of pile damage and definitely not the case with the HPH6500.
- Hydraulic hammers are inherently efficient, typically 80-90% of the potential driving energy being transferred into the pile.
- The hammer fits a huge range of bearing piles from H-pile, pipe and even concrete piles. Sheet piles can be accommodated with ease and the hammer can readily drive this vast range of pile types either leader mounted or free hanging. This adaptability is a feature common to all Dawson hydraulic hammers hammers designed with the demands of a modern contractor in mind.
- The hammer does not have a single electrical component on it that controls its operation. This means no downtime due to electrics. All competent fitters can understand this hammer.
- Infinitely variable stroke controlled, between limits, at the touch of a button. This enables precise energy control which is very important when commencing piling or when coping with delicate operations. Single blow control comes as standard no more soft starting problems!
- Robust construction. The hammer has been designed with full knowledge of what is required of piling equipment. A quick look at the hammer sitting on a pile will confirm this.
- The hammer offers excellent power to weight ratio's lending itself to being used on long reach jobs where there are few economic alternatives.
- Pile with the hammer underwater thus eliminating the use of follower piles and the problems they create including huge loss of energy transfer
- Noise levels are considerably lower than that of diesel or air hammers.
- Transmitted ground vibrations have been measured lower than that of a vibrator.

1.1 Basic Safety Points

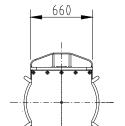
- Ear protection should be worn when in close proximity of the hammer.
- Keep clear of the hammer and/or power pack when they are being lifted.
- Avoid standing directly below the hammer when it is piling.
- Adhere to maintenance requirements set out in this manual.
- Lift equipment using lifting points specified only (see figures over).

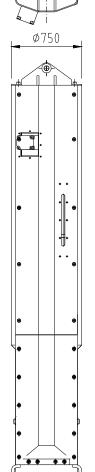
1.2 Transportation and laying down hammer

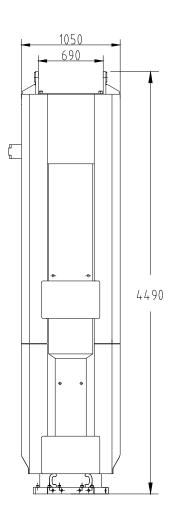
- BEFORE operating the hammer for the first time AND after each lay-down use inspection holes to ensure dolly is seated correctly in anvil before striking.
- WHEN LAYING DOWN HAMMER, support top of hammer at higher level than bottom of hammer.
- TRANSPORTATION, support top of hammer at higher level than bottom of hammer.
- TRANSPORTATION install the Travel Bolt into the hammer casing prior to transportation. Failure to do so will create an unsafe transportation condition with the drop weight permitted to slide inside the hammer casing. This could allow the hammer to move during shipment.
- OFF-LOADING prior to putting the hammer into service ensure the travel bolt is first removed.



Rf.n-Qnt. Date Revision Intro. Appr.by





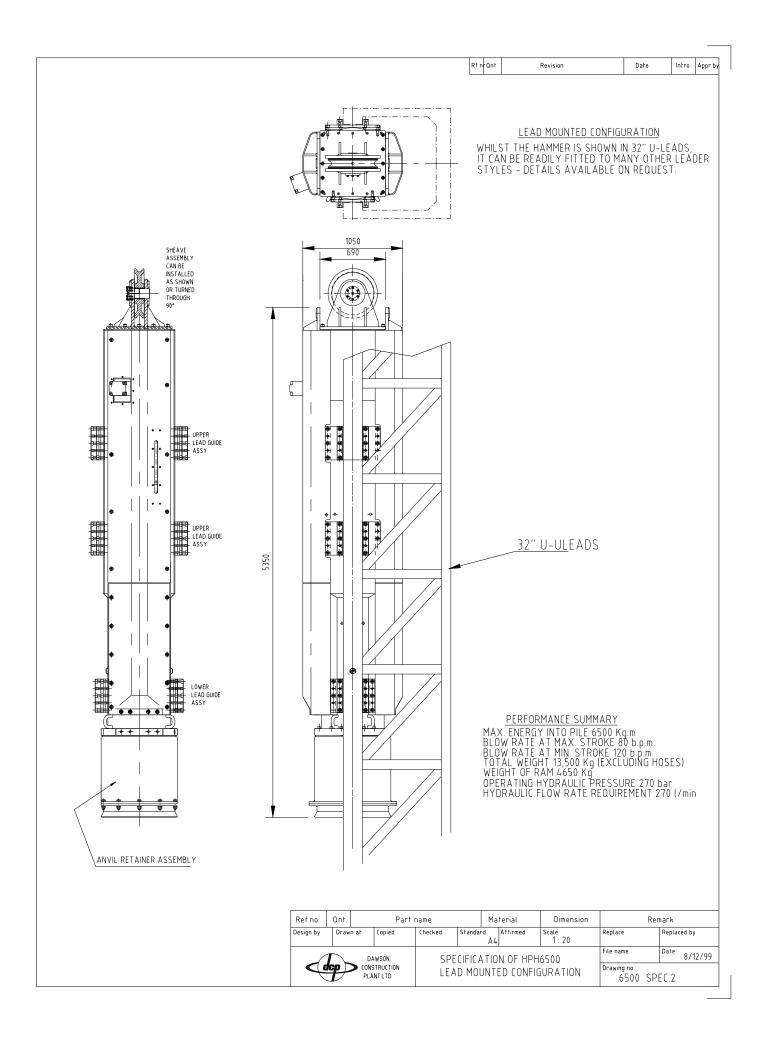


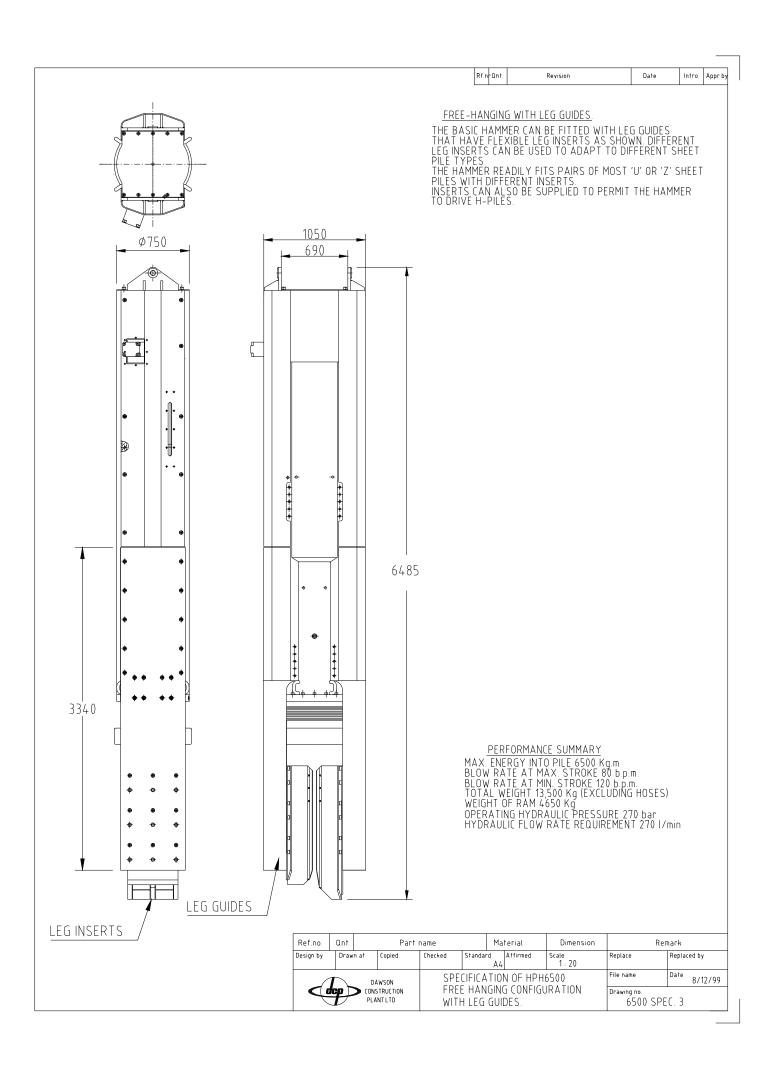
BASIC CONFIGURATION

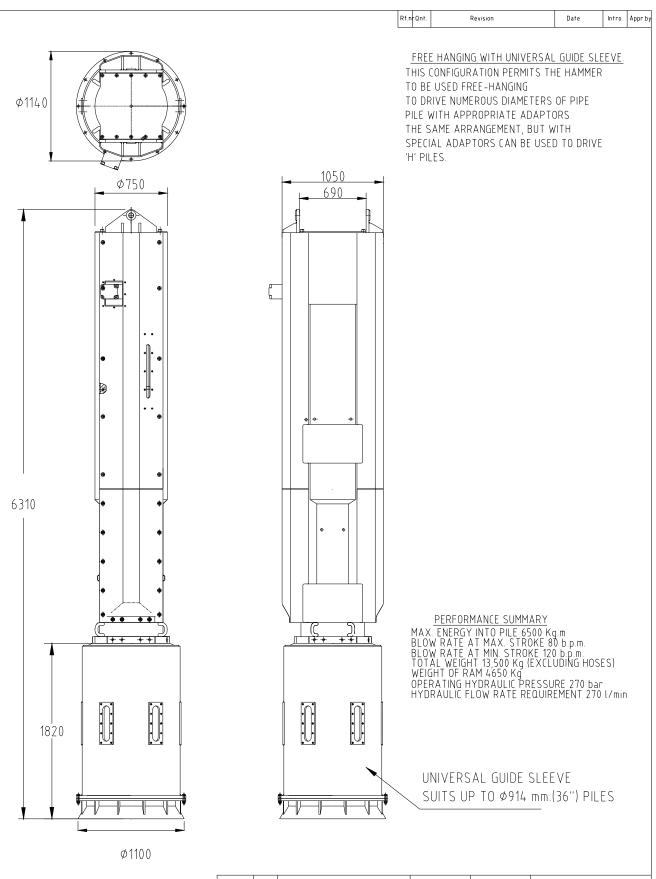
IN 'BASIC' CONFIGURATION THE HAMMER CANNOT BE USED TO DRIVE ANY PILE TYPES. APPROPRIATE ANVILS, SUSPENSION SYSTEM & PILE GUIDANCE SYSTEM MUST BE ADDED. SEE PROCEEDING DRAWINGS.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY
MAX. ENERGY INTO PILE 6500 Kg.m
BLOW RATE AT MAX. STROKE 80 b.p.m.
BLOW RATE AT MIN. STROKE 120 b.p.m.
TOTAL WEIGHT 13,500 Kg (EXCLUDING HOSES)
WEIGHT OF RAM 4650 Kg
OPERATING HYDRAULIC PRESSURE 270 bar
HYDRAULIC FLOW RATE REQUIREMENT 270 l/min

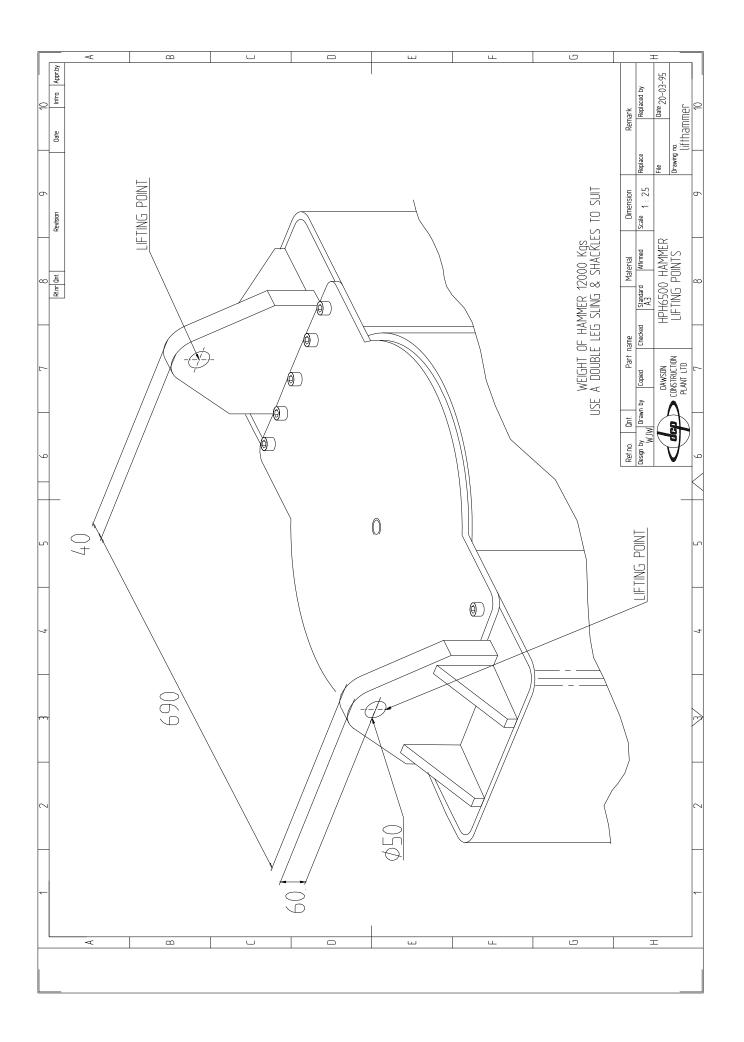
Ref.no.	Qnt.		Parti	name	Material		Dimension	Remark	
Design by	Draw	n at	Copied	Checked Standard Affirmed Scale 1:20			Replace	Replaced by	
DAWSON CONSTRUCTION PLANT LTD.				SPECIFICATION OF HPH6500				File name	Date 8/12/99
								Drawing no. 6500 SPEC.1	

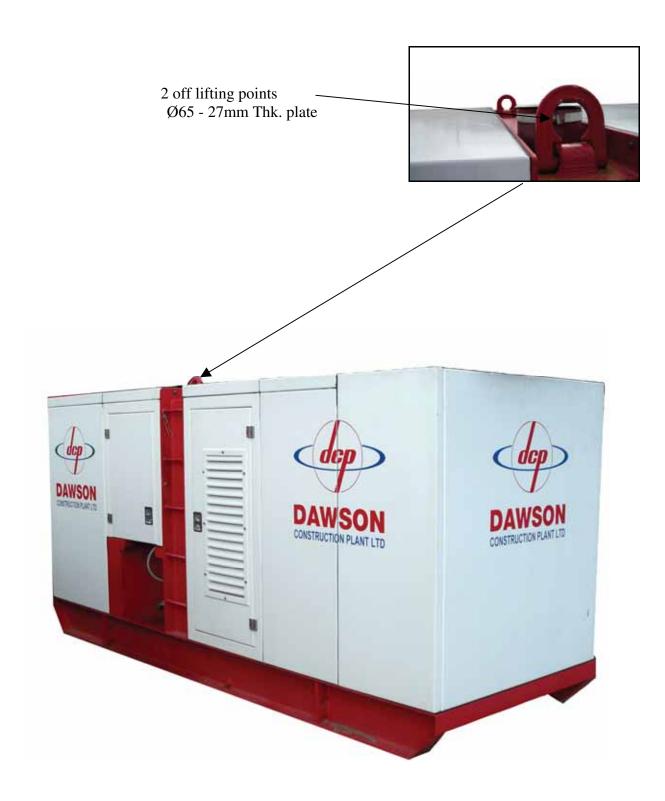






Ref.no.	Qnt.	. Part name			Material Dimension		Remark	
Design by	Draw	n at	Copied	Checked Standard Affirmed S		Scale 1:20	Replace	Replaced by
DAWSON CONSTRUCTION PLANT LTD.			SPECIFICATION OF HPH6500				File name	Date 8/12/99
			FREEHANGING CONFIGURATION WITH UNIVERSAL GUIDE SLEEVE					Drawing no. 6500 SPEC. 4





SPECIFICATION	UNITS	DHP170
DIESEL ENGINE POWER	kW	168
	rpm	2200
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM	bar	270
PRESSURE	psi	3915
OIL FLOW RATE	L/min	270
SIZE -	m	3.8 x 1.5 x 2
LENGTHxWIDTHxHEIGHT	ins	149 x 59 x 78
WEIGHT	kg	4800
	lbs	10,560

2.0 HOW DOES THE HAMMER WORK? (See fig. 1)

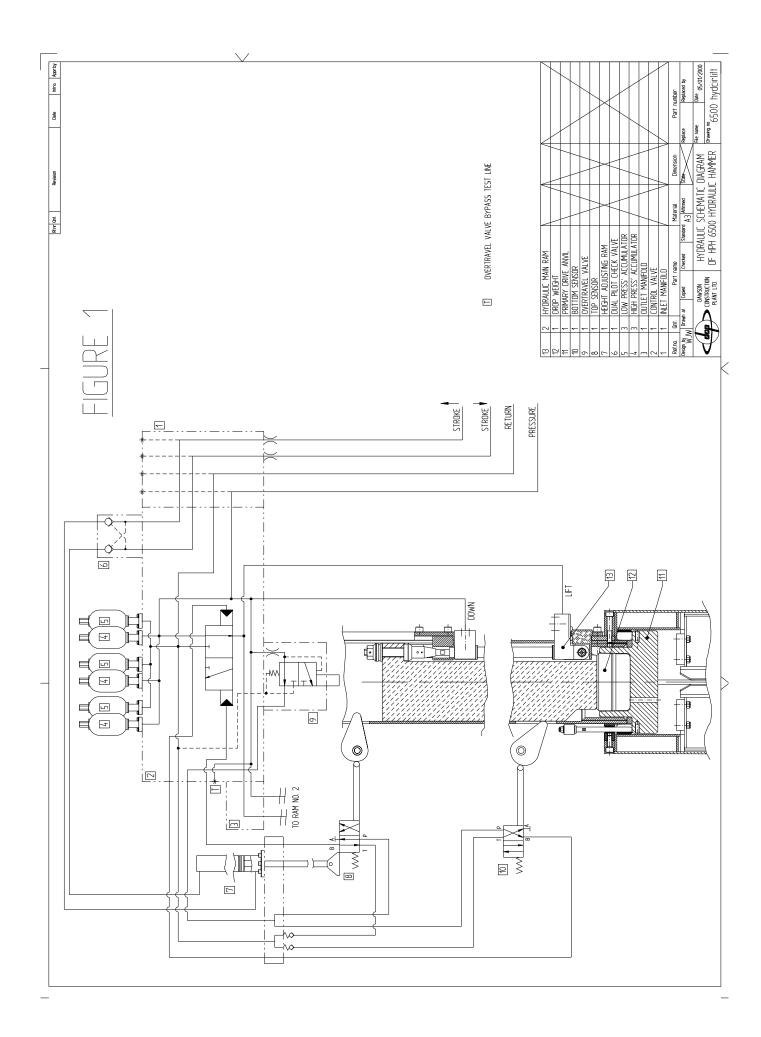
The D.C.P. Hydraulic Hammer consists of a 'drop weight' driven up and down by 'hydraulic cylinders' inside a 'casing.' The hydraulic cylinders are double acting; meaning the drop weight is accelerated both on the upstroke <u>and</u> on the down stroke. This gives the hammer its very efficient energy output and high blow rate.

The oil supplied to the hydraulic cylinders comes from the power pack via a 'control valve' mounted inside the top of the hammer. This control valve switches the oil supply on or off at the upstroke side of the hydraulic ram i.e. oil supply 'on' lifts the drop weight and oil supply 'off' drops it.

The control valve itself has to be switched from one position to another at precisely the right times for optimum performance. The control valve is switched by hydraulic pilot signals from two mechanically actuated sensors mounted on the hammer casing. The 'bottom sensor,' when actuated by the drop weight, switches the control valve to the on (lift) position and the 'top sensor' switches the control valve to the off (drop) position. The stroke of the drop weight is adjusted by moving the position of the top sensor e.g. moving the sensor down reduces the stroke or vice versa.

The position of the top sensor is altered by a small 'height adjusting ram' mounted inside the top of the hammer. This is adjusted as required by the operator who can view an indicator on the side of the hammer.

The hammer is fully controlled using a hand-held control pendant. This unit enables the hammer to be started/stopped, run on single/automatic blows and have its stroke varied. The controller may be used from a remote position.



3.0 CONFIGURING THE HAMMER FOR PILE DRIVING

The hammer can be readily adapted to perform many different types of pile driving tasks. It may, for example, be necessary to use the hammer in leads to drive 1:1 raking piles or be necessary to drive pipe piles free hanging. Switching configurations is quite straight forward but will require additional items from Dawson to cover all eventualities.

3.1 The Basic Hammer Configuration

In its Basic Configuration the HPH6500 can not be used to drive any piles. The hammer is complete except for Primary Drive Anvil, Dolly, Suspension System and pile guidance system e.g. Sheet Pile Leg Guides and Inserts or Pipe Pile Guide etc.

The basic hammer configuration is shown on drawing number 6-000-00-01 in section 8.1 at the back of this manual.

To use the basic hammer the user must first decide what piles have to be driven and identify what the most appropriate method of pile driving will be. The following sections discuss the various configurations available.

3.2 Free Hanging Configuration – Universal Guide Sleeve



Dawson offers a Universal Guide system for use with the HPH6500 that is bolted to the bottom of the Basic Hammer Configuration. This system uses one large guide sleeve that can be altered for different diameter pipe piles up to a maximum $\emptyset 36$ " (914mm) - see drawing 6-300-00-02 under section 8.1 at the end of this manual. It can also be readily adapted to drive H-pile and other pile types.

The system incorporates one secondary anvil that covers all pipe sizes up to $\emptyset 36$ "(914mm). Different diameters are accommodated by using either six guide blocks and a dedicated bottom guide ring or by installing an adaptor insert that fixes in place of the bottom guide sleeve. The latter is held at its upper end by the $\emptyset 36$ "(914) guide block set.

Simply determine which pipe size is going to be driven and install either the relevant guide block sets or the adaptor sleeve as shown on drawing 6-300-00-02.

Alternatively, larger sleeves can be made to order to suit specific applications.

3.3 Free Hanging Configuration – with Leg Guides for Steel Sheet or H-Piling.



The HPH6500 will fit a whole range of heavier steel sheet piles typically in pairs. From the very heavy walled British Steel Larssen 6 to the very wide, highly efficient Arbed AZ48, the 6500 is an excellent match. Typically the hammer will not be run on maximum energy simply because it would be too powerful. This is however one of its strengths, running the hammer at lower energy levels derives even more benefit from the rapid blow rate – typically 100 to 120 blows per minute on sheet piling; real production!

The HPH6500 also offers excellent ram to pile weight ratios, ensuring the sheet pile receives much of the impact energy from ram mass and not from more damaging high impact velocity, as is the case with many other hydraulic impact hammers.

The Basic Hammer configuration requires its Lower Side Covers to be removed and in place much longer (and stronger) Sheet Pile Leg Guides must be fitted. Leg Inserts are then fitted inside the Leg Guides, mounted within elastomers or rubber sandwich mounts, so that the hammer takes a bite or grip on the steel

sheet piles. This is all-important because it keeps the hammer in-line with the sheets, preventing pile damage, and it keeps the hammer and pile moving down together during driving. The Sheet Pile Configuration is shown on drawing 6-600-00-02 under section 8.1 at the back of this manual.

A Primary Drive Anvil has to be fitted, together with Dolly and Suspension System, and Spreader Plates are used to cover the pile tops as much as possible. The Spreader Plate required to cover a pair of Larssen 6's will of course be quite different from one used to cover a pair of Arbed AZ48's. There is a huge advantage in using the Spreader Plate concept, one proven by Dawson over many years.

Finally, which Leg Inserts used will depend on the pile types being driven. Essentially, there are different inserts for Z-piles and for U-piles. It is also possible to use other inserts to drive H-piles and certain sizes of pipe pile using the Sheet Pile Leg Guides if necessary.

3.4 Lead Mounted Configurations



The HPH6500 lends itself to running on many styles of lead. Minimum American U-lead size is 32" as pictured here. Leads requiring the hammer to be mounted on the front of the lead can be easily accommodated also.

The benefit of this method is that the hammer can be used to drive raking piles, even to a rake of 1:1, with minimal loss of energy output due to its double acting nature; loss of gravitational effect is minimised. Diesel hammers, or free fall hammers generally suffer from tremendous energy loss when driving raking piles.

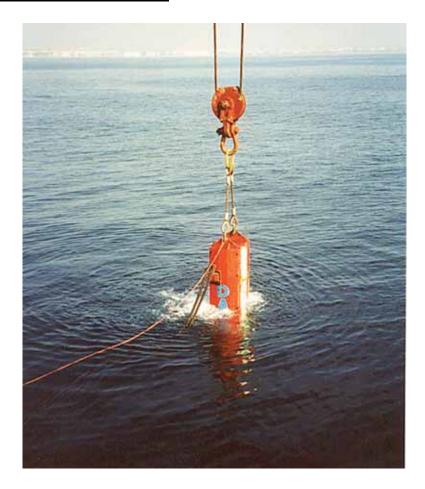
Further benefit can be gained from running the hammer from the hydraulic circuit of the base carrier if suitable, eliminating the need for an additional power pack.

In this configuration all that is added to the Basic Hammer is the Primary Drive Anvil, Dolly and some form of Mast Guides. In the case of the leads pictured here, four guide brackets were bolted to the hammer casing using the standard mast guide fixing holes in the hammer.

For general layout information see drawing 6-400-00-02 in section 8.1 at the back of this manual.

It should be noted that Dawson has considered the design of this configuration very carefully and felt it unnecessary to design a whole new range of special drive caps when many contractors have a range of existing drive caps available to them already; why spend more money? Typically, the drive cap will be SWR suspended off the bottom of the HPH6500 as shown here. Of course Dawson would be happy to manufacture drive caps for any specific requirements a contractor may have.

3.5 Using the hammer underwater



It is possible to drive piles with this hammer underwater whatever the hammer configuration. However, the hammer must be prepared correctly in order to do so - it can not be used underwater in standard format.

The work involved is briefly as follows: -

- a) The stroke adjuster 'slot' in the leg guide must be sealed with a cover.
- b) The insides of the hammer should be suitably greased to minimise the effects of corrosion.
- c) The gaps between hammer casing; side covers/leg guides and top cover must be sealed with a special rubber seal.
- d) The inspection holes near the bottom of the hammer casing must be plugged.
- e) A threaded compressed airline fitting must be fitted to the port near the bottom of the hammer.
- f) The hammer must be run in conjunction with a 35/70 c.f.m. (100 psi) air compressor.
- g) The hammer grease nipples must be greased after every pile drive to ensure ample lubrication.

NOTE: FOR DETAILED ASSISTANCE WITH THIS TYPE OF WORK PLEASE CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER.

PLEASE CONTACT THE MANUFACTURER IF YOU HAVE A SPECIFIC PILE DRIVING PROBLEM – WE ARE MOST LIKELY TO HAVE DONE IT BEFORE!

4.0 POWER PACK AND HAMMER OPERATION

4.1 Connecting the hydraulic hoses and control pendant

(The power pack must be turned off at this time to enable correct installation of the hoses)

There are four hydraulic hoses running between the power pack and the hammer, viz:

- 1. Pressure line (1¹/₄" BSP) carries the main high-pressure oil supply to the hammer.
- 2. Return line (1½" BSP) returns low-pressure oil from the hammer to the power pack.
- 3.} Height adjusting lines (3/8" BSP) used to deliver
- 4.} Oil to the height adjusting ram, as required.

The pressure/return hoses have the same specification. However, the return hose ends have larger fittings than the pressure hose to avoid possible confusion. The hoses should be left connected to the hammer at all times - this reduces the likelihood of oil contamination and reduces leakage problems. The hoses should be connected/ disconnected at the outlets of the power pack. All these connectors are of the 'quick-release' type. The hoses should be disconnected from the power pack when moving the power pack around to avoid straining the connectors.

Make sure that the connectors are thoroughly cleaned when making a connection

Having connected the hoses next fit the hand control pendant connector block to the multi-pin outlet from the power pack. This is positioned adjacent to the instrumentation panel of the unit. Check that a clean connection is made and that no water is present in either half of the connection. The 'power' switch on the controller should be turned off.

4.2 Checking the power pack before starting

Having connected the hydraulic hoses and hand control pendant, as described in section 3.1, next check fluid levels on the power pack. Check:

- a. engine oil level
- b. diesel fuel level
- c. hydraulic oil level, and fill if required

Notes:-

- 1. The diesel fuel is stored in the base of the pack frame and has an indicator gauge just inside the main door adjacent to the instrument panel. The hydraulic oil tank has a sight gauges on its side.
- 2. The power pack will not run if the hydraulic oil level is too low.
- 3. The hammer will not run if the hydraulic oil temperature is too low. The auto warm-up routine must be used to pre-warm the oil. See section 4.3.1.

4.3 Starting the power pack (see fig. 2)

Prior to starting the power pack, check that the hand control pendant is turned 'off.' Set the throttle control lever to half of full throttle (22). Turn 'on' the battery isolator (1). Push the engine start push button (4) until the engine starts.

Allow the engine to reach working temperature by running it at 1500 rpm under zero load for 10-15 minutes. Check all gauges and diagnostic lights for correct function of unit (diagnostic lights should be off.)

Notes: -

- 1. If any of the following L.E.D.'s (8, 9, 10 & 11) are 'on' when the isolator switch (1) is turned 'on,' the power pack will not start. Rectify problem immediately.
- 2. If L.E.D. (7) is on, the power pack will start but the pendant will be 'dead' until the hydraulic oil warm-up procedure is carried out.

4.3.1 Hydraulic Oil Warm-up Procedure

If the hydraulic oil temperature is less than +25°C, L.E.D. (7) will be on and the oil will require warming prior to using the hammer.

The hand control pendant will be 'dead' for as long as L.E.D. (7) is on.

To warm the oil: -

- a) Run the engine at 1800 rpm
- b) Turn the 'warm-up/run' selector switch (6) to 'warm-up'. (The engine should go under load and the high pressure gauge (20) should read approx. 200 bar).
- c) Leave the pack in this condition until the L.E.D. (7) goes off. (The engine should come off load at the same time the L.E.D. goes out and gauge (20) return to zero bar).
- d) Turn the 'warm-up/run' selector switch (6) to 'run'. The power pack is now ready for use.

4.4 Using the hammer

Before using the hammer for the first time ensure the Travel Bolts are removed from the casing.

4.4.1 Installing hammer on the pile

The hammer must be sat correctly on the pile to avoid hammer or pile damage. The pile tops should be as level and square cut as possible. The hammer anvil must be in good condition.

Lift the hammer onto the pile(s) to be driven. Lower the hammer down until the handling slings lose their tension. At this point, the anvil should be seated correctly i.e. the rubber rings around the anvil should be compressed between the casing and the anvil. If it is not and there is a gap here, re-site the hammer.

Note: Before using the hammer (and particularly after transportation) check that the dolly is fitted correctly in the anvil. There are inspection holes at the bottom of the hammer casing to check this.

4.4.2. Bleeding air from the hammer hydraulic system - only required when running hammer after initial connection or following a repair

When running the hammer for the first time after initial connection to the power pack, there will be air in the hydraulic system. The hammer will 'bleed' this air automatically but the following procedure <u>must</u> be applied: -

- a. Run the power pack at 2100 rpm
- b. Turn on the control pendant 'power' button.
- c. Adjust the stroke height indicator to minimum using the \downarrow push button.
- d. Set the 'Auto/Man' turn button to 'Man.'
- e. Hold the 'start' push button down for 2-3 seconds.
- f. Repeat (e) three or four times until the hammer consistently gives one or two small blows each time. Providing the hammer does not 'jump' on the pile, <u>hold</u> the 'start' push button down, so that the hammer gives several consistent blows, on the next operation. (Approximately 120 blows per minute.) If the hammer 'jumps' on the pile, because the drop weight is hitting the top of the hammer casing, the hammer will stop automatically. To reset see section 4.4.4.
- g. Commence the piling operation using the hammer as required.

4.4.3 Pile driving with the hammer

Having the hammer sited on the pile and removed air from the hydraulic system (if necessary) as described above, the hammer is ready for pile driving: -

- a. Increase the power pack engine speed to 2200 rpm (having followed "Starting the power pack" section 4.3)
- b. Turn the hand control pendant 'power' button on.
- c. Adjust the 'stroke height indicator' on the side of the hammer to minimum stroke by pressing the '\psi' push button.
- d. Set the 'Auto/Man' selector button to the required position:
 - 'Auto' hammer will continue running automatically when the 'start' push button is pressed once.
 - 'Man' hammer will only run whilst the 'start' push button is held down.
- e. Depress the 'start' push button as required by 'Auto/Man.'
- f. During operation the hammer stroke may be altered using the ' \uparrow ' or ' \downarrow ' push buttons to adjust the stroke height indicator.
- g. To stop the hammer whilst it is running on 'Auto,' turn the 'Auto/Man' selector to 'Man' or turn the 'power' selector off.

It is good practice to start piling with the hammer set on minimum stroke; this limits unnecessary damage to both the hammer and the pile when the pile can be driven easily. The stroke may then be adjusted to suit the changing driving resistance.

4.4.4 Cold running/over-travel

The hammer 'jumps' on the pile top when trying to achieve full stroke if the hydraulic system is 'cold.' If this happens, the hammer will **stop automatically.** (Thus preventing internal damage to the unit.) The power pack will continue to run and the 'pressure' gauge will read approximately 240 bar.

In order to reset the hammer, turn off the 'power' selector on the hand control pendant and stop the power pack. Allow the engine to stop for approximately 10 seconds then restart the unit. Reduce the stroke of the hammer to minimum. Run the hammer at this lower setting until the oil is warm enough to allow correct full stroke setting. If reducing the stroke does not cure the problem, warm the hydraulic oil as described in section 4.3.1.

If the hammer should over-travel again, refer to the Troubleshooting section 7.0.

THE HAMMER WILL NOT RUN IF IT IS NOT ALLOWED TO RESET CORRECTLY

4.4.5 Refusal

PILING MUST STOP WITH THIS HAMMER WHEN THE RATE OF DRIVING REACHES 10 BLOWS PER 25MM.

Continued use will result in hammer and/or pile damage.

4.4.6 Alternative to Pendant Control

It is possible to control the hammer directly from the Power Pack instrumentation panel instead of using the control pendant. To do this, simply switch the button on the instrumentation panel marked "Panel/Pendant" (switch 14 on figure 2) to Panel. All the pendant controls are replicated on the instrumentation panel and the hammer can be controlled in exactly the same way as described in the above sections – SEE FIGURE 2 BUTTONS 12, 13, 15 & 16.

This may be useful in cases where the pendent or cable has become damaged for some reason.

Power Pack Instrumentation Panel for HPH6500



5.0 HAMMER MAINTENANCE (SEE APPENDIX 8.1)

5.1 Daily maintenance checks (or every 10 hours)

- a. Apply Lithium based general-purpose grease to hammer through each one of fourteen points (part 1-057-00-01). Ten operations of a grease gun on each grease point every shift will be adequate.
- b. Check all external fasteners for tightness and re-tighten where necessary.
- c. Check that the dolly (part 6-006-20-01) has not been damaged or worn beyond its serviceable limit, i.e. the top face of the dolly should not fall below the top of the anvil rim by more than 30mm. If the dolly is replaced, ensure that the O' ring is replaced with it (part 6-089-00-01).
 - To replace the dolly insert a steel bar through one of the holes in the bottom of the primary drive anvil and drive the old dolly out using a hammer. Insert a new dolly (complete with O' ring) ensuring that it is pushed fully home.
- d. Check the six rubber/steel suspension ring 4 and the inner suspension ring 3 for wear/damage and replace if necessary. These must be in good condition at <u>all</u> times. These items act as the hammers 'suspension system' reducing the shock transmitted from the blow to the hammer and its components <u>very important</u> for keeping the hammer functioning correctly.
- e. Check the condition of lifting tackle and lifting points prior to being taken into service. Pay particular attention to the condition of the lifting lugs and holes for wear or cracking.

5.2 Planned 125 hour maintenance checks (run the hammer for 15 minutes before and after this maintenance work)

Every 125 hours the following work should be carried out in addition to that described in 5.1 above:

- a. Remove each hammer side cover in turn and check the condition and tightness of: all hydraulic hoses and fittings; bolts; locking rings, and visually check all components for condition.
- b. Check the condition of each sensor assembly paying particular attention to cam wear, roller operated valve travel and tightness of fixing bolts. Each roller valve should have a travel of 4mm through full actuation of its associated cam. This measurement is critical and if it is not achieved the hammer will not run correctly (as with the ignition timing on a motor car). Travel can be lost through excessive cam wear or with wear on the roller or roller pin at the end of the valve.
- c. Check the condition of the relevant pile guidance system e.g. sheet pile leg guides or pipe pile guide, in order to ensure correct fitting on pile sections and tightness of all fasteners.

FIGURE 4 Hammer Dolly photographs













<u>5.3 Planned 250 hour maintenance checks (run the hammer for 15 minutes before and after this maintenance work)</u>

Every 250 hours the following work should be carried out in addition to the work described in 5.1 and 5.2 above:

a. Check the accumulator (part 1-048-00-05) pre-charge pressures using the gas pressure checking kit and a bottle of nitrogen gas.

The pre-charge pressures are: -

High pressure -100 bar (three accumulators) Low pressure - 3 bar (three accumulators)

To gain access to the accumulators it is necessary to remove the top cover (part 6-017-00-01). The three high-pressure accumulators are on the left hand side viewed from the inlet manifold. To check the pre-charge pressures see appendix 8.2 in this manual.

- b. Check the function and condition of the bottom trip device.
- c. Check the function of the hammer's over-travel valve by intentionally over-stroking the hammer when cold.

5.4 Planned 375 hour maintenance (run the hammer for 15 minutes before and after this maintenance work).

Every 375 hours the following work should be carried out in addition to the work described in 5.1 and 5.2 above:

Before the flexible coupling is changed, the ram guide buffer (16) and damping pin bush (18) should be checked and replaced if showing signs of degradation.

The flexible couplings between the main hydraulic cylinders and the drop weight <u>must</u> be changed. The procedure is quite straightforward (see Figure 3). Failure to do this will result in an expensive repair. There are two hydraulic cylinders inside the hammer and it will be necessary to turn the hammer over during the course of this work.

Please look at Figure 3 and the hammer parts lists in section 8.1 whilst reading the instructions below.

- a. Lay the hammer on its side on stable level ground with the hose inlet manifold uppermost, packed on timbers. Remove the Top & Bottom Side Covers; it is NOT necessary to remove the hose inlet manifold. This will expose one flexible coupling assembly through the hammer casing.
- b. Remove items (3) & (4) from the top of the end cap, undoing the cap screws in a sequence so as to keep the cap square to the ram connector during removal.
- c. Remove the top stack of Disc Springs (15).
- d. Retract the piston rod of the Hydraulic Cylinder from the Drop Weight by hand and remove the other Disc Spring stack (15).
- e. Dispose of the old Disc Springs (15) 48No. they are now at the end of their useful service life and their re-use will be false economy.

- f. Inspect items (10), (11) and (12) for signs of excessive wear or cracking. Check the distance across the two hardened bushes as shown in Figure 3 and ensure they are within acceptable wear limits. If this distance is below acceptable limit, even with new washers (11) and (12) fitted, it will be necessary to order and fit oversized washer from the manufacturer contact Dawson or your nearest distributor for further details. *Note: standard washers (11) and (12) are 6 and 7mm thick respectively, oversize items start at 9mm thick.*
- g. Re-assemble the connection as in Figure 3 ensuring the new Disc Springs (6) are installed in pairs using adequate EP Moly grease. Coat the Ram Connector (13) and underside of the End Cap (9) with EP Moly grease on all contact faces. Check that the threads in the end of the Ram Connector are free of grease before installing the End Cap (9), and that no grease gets into these threads before fitting the Cap Screws (3) with Loctite 270 Studlock; *Remember the Nordloc Washers* (4).
- h. Tighten Cap Screws (3) until they are hand-tight, approximately 45 Nm (33ft.lbs) just taking up the slack. Check the distance 'A' as shown on Figure 3 before, during and after tightening fully; *dimension* 'A' should change by 6mm +/- 1mm during assembly! Tighten the Cap Screws (3) to a torque of 320Nm.

Tip: Tighten all three screws fully with dry threads first. Then remove one at a time in order to apply the Loctite fluid. This produces less Loctite waste and ensures a more reliable installation process without Loctite getting between the Ram Connector end and the underside of the End Cap.

- i. Once completed, re-assemble the Upper & Lower Side Covers on the hammer the unit is now ready for turning over.
- j. Turn the hammer over on to its opposite side, taking care not to rest the hammer on the Inlet Manifold. Remove the other set of Upper & Lower Side Covers. Repeat steps b) to i) as detailed above.

5.5 Planned 500 hour maintenance checks (run the hammer for 30 minutes before and after this maintenance work)

Besides the work mentioned in 5.1, 5.2 and 5.3 above the following work should be carried out: -

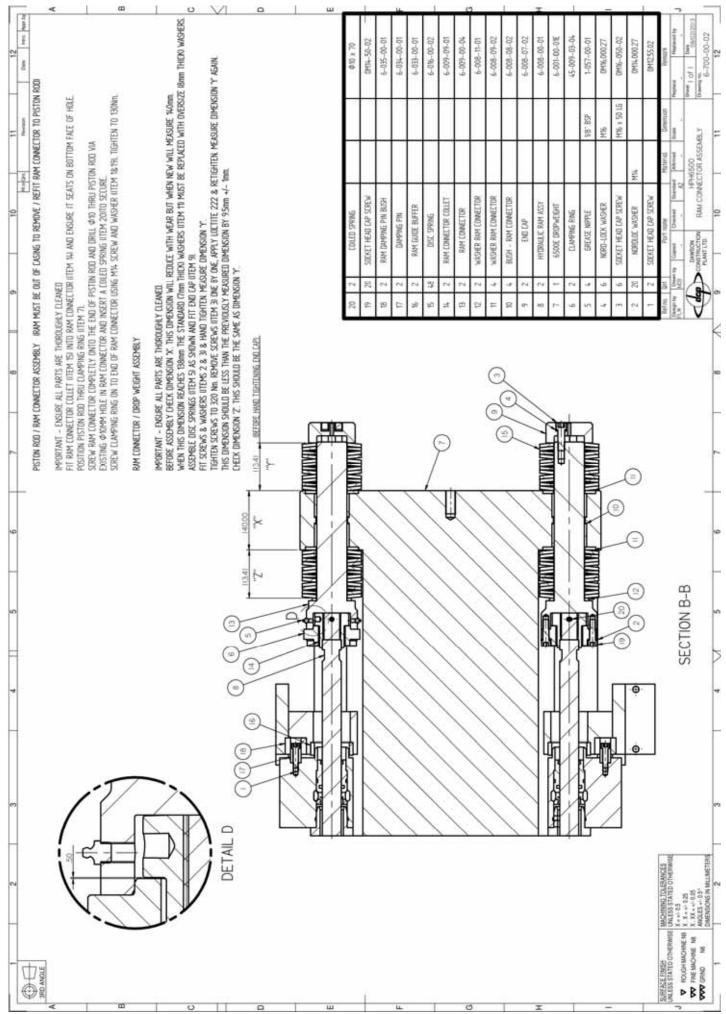
- a. Condition and function of the Height Adjusting Ram.
- b. Tightness of the Accumulator assemblies.
- c. Condition of the main feed hoses between the hammer and power pack. Hoses with excessive amount of "braiding" exposed or damaged should be replaced.
- d. Energy Monitoring System (EMS) service (if fitted). See EMS section in appendices for details.

<u>5.6 Planned 1000 hour maintenance checks (run the hammer for 30 minutes before and after this maintenance work</u>

Check the following: -

- a. Play in the main ram anchorage assemblies.
- b. Condition of the Primary and Secondary Anvils.
- c. Play between the Drop Weight and Casing bore.

Note: It is strongly recommended that in order to achieve thorough and correct maintenance of this equipment that customer's service personnel should be fully trained by the manufacturer.



5.7 PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES FOR HPH6500 HYDRAULIC HAMMER AND DIESEL ENGINED POWER PACKS

EVERY 2000 HOURS	CHANGE: • ANTI FREEZE CHECK: • DAMPER		TEST RUN ON PILE 30 MINUTES BEFORE AND AFTER CHECKING
EVERY 1000 HOURS	1 / 4	CHECK: CONDITION OF WIRING WEAR CONDITION OF EXHAUST CHANGE: HYDRAULIC OIL AND CLEAN OUT SYSTEM ANCHORAGE ASSEMBLY CONDITION OF ANVILS PLAY BETWEEN DROP WEIGHT AND CASING BORE	TEST RUN ON PILE 30 MINUTES BEFORE AND AFTER CHECKING
EVERY 500 HOURS	CHANGE: • FUEL FILTER CHECK: • ANTI FREEZE	CHECK: PRESSURE OUTPUT OF PUMP CHANGE: PRESSURE/RETURN HYDRAULIC FILTERS CONDITION OF HEIGHT ADJUSTING RAM TICHTINESS OF ACCUMULATORS CONDITION OF MAIN FEED HOSES TO HAMMER MEED HOSES TO HAMMER CABLES. CHANGE: EMS SENSORS AND CABLES.	TEST RUN ON PILE 30 INUTES BEFORE AND AFTER CHECKING
EVERY 375 HOURS		CHECK: CONDITION OF RAM GUIDE BUFFER AND DAMPING PIN BUSH CHANGE: DISC SPRINGS BETWEEN DROP WEIGHT AND HYDRAULIC CYLINDERS	TEST RUN ON PILE 15 MINUTES BEFORE AND AFTER CHECKING CHECKING CHECKING
EVERY 250 HOURS	CHANGE: • LUBE OIL • LUBE FILTER CHECK: • AIR CLEANER • INTAKE SYSTEM • CHARGE AIR COOLER	CHECK: CHANGE: HYDRAULIC OIL/FUEL FILLER FILTERS HILLER FILTERS ACCUMULATOR NITROGEN PRECHARGE PRESSURES FUNCTION OF OVERTRAVEL VALVE OVERTRAVEL VALVE AND BOTTOM TRIP DEVICE	10 B
EVERY 125 HOURS		CHECK: FOR HYDRAULIC OIL LEAKS & RECTIFY CONDITION OF HOSES TIGHTNESS OF FASTENERS CONDITION OF PAINTWORK BATTERY WATER LEVEL FUNCTION OF PENDANT & CONDITION OF CABLE CABLE CHECK: TIGHTNESS OF ALL HOSES, FITTINGS AND FASTENERS INSIDE HAMMER CONDITION OF BOTH SENSORS WEAR ON PILING GUIDANCE SYSTEM	TEST RUN ON PILE 15 MINUTES BEFORE AND AFTER CHECKING
DAILY OR REFUELLING	CHECK: OIL LEVEL COOLANT LEVEL FAN - INSPECTION DRIVE BELT - INSPECT FUEL WATER TRAP - DRAIN	CHECK: HYDRAULIC OIL LEVEL ARE INLET/OUTLETS FREE FROM OBSTRUCTION CONDITION OF LIFTING POINTS & SLINGS/SHACKLES FEE TEST DIAGNOSTIC LEDS INSPECT GAUGES CONDITION OF QUICK RELEASE COUPLINGS COUPLINGS ALL EXTERNAL FASTENERS FOR TIGHTING POINT ON DITION SUSPENSION RINGS LIFTING POINT CONDITION SUNGS/SHACKLES MUST: MUST: MUST: GREASE HAMMER FREQUENTLY	TEST RUN ON PILE 15 TEST RUN ON PILE 15 MINUTES BEFORE AND MINUTES BEFORE AND AFTER CHECKING AFTER CHECKING

(FOR FULL DETAILS SEE SECTIONS 5 AND 6 IN THE HAMMER MANUAL AND THE CUMMINS SERVICE MANUAL)

6.0 POWER PACK MAINTENANCE

6.1 Power pack specification

6.1.1 Basic specification

Engine power output - 168kW @ 2200 rpm

Engine maximum rpm - 2200 Hydraulic flow output - 270 l/min Max hydraulic pressure output - 270 Bar

Dimensions (1 x w x h) - 3800 x 1500 x 2000mm Weight - 4800 kg / 10,560lbs

6.1.2 Lubrication specification

Hydraulic oil type - Fina Hydran LZ 32 or equivalent

Hydraulic oil capacity - 700 litres Diesel engine oil type - 15 W 40

Diesel engine oil capacity - 14.2 litres (incl. filter)
Diesel fuel type - DIN 51601-DK
Diesel fuel capacity - 350 litres

<u>6.2 Daily maintenance checks (for full details of diesel engine maintenance see Cummins service manual)</u>

- a. Check hydraulic oil level must be visible in sight glass, but not over half way in sight.
- b. Check diesel lubrication oil level.
- c. Ensure pump isolator valve is fully open.
- d. Ensure air inlet/outlet panels are free from obstruction.
- e. Drain water from diesel water trap.
- f. Inspect lifting tackle and lifting points before being put into service.
- g. Check function of diagnostic L.E.D.'s by pressing test button.
- h. Check function of gauges.
- i. Check condition of quick release couplings.
- j. Check engine coolant level.
- k. Check condition of fan and drive belt.

6.3 Planned maintenance checks

For full details of diesel engine maintenance see Cummins service manual and for power pack maintenance procedures see section 6.4.

6.3.1 Every 125 hours

Check the following: -

- a. Hoses, pipe work and fittings for any hydraulic oil leaks and rectify as required.
- b. Tightness of all fasteners.
- c. Condition of body panels and paint work. Touch-up where necessary.
- d. Battery water level.
- e. Condition and function of hand control pendant.

6.3.2 Every 250 hours

Check the following: -

- a. Engine air cleaner.
- b. Engine intake system
- c. Engine charge air cooler.
- d. Battery charging rate.

Change the following: -

- e. Engine oil.
- f. Engine oil filter.
- g. Hydraulic oil filling filter.
- h. Diesel fuel filling filter.

6.3.3 Every 500 hours

Check the following: -

- a. Anti freeze in engine coolant.
- b. Pump output flow rate and working pressure.

Change the following: -

- c. Fuel filter.
- d. Hydraulic oil pressure and return filters.

6.3.4 Every 1000 hours

Check the following: -

- a. Engine fan hub.
- b. Engine belt tensioner bearing.
- c. Engine belt tension.
- d. Adjust valve lash clearance on engine.
- e. Condition of all wiring and tightness of electrical connectors.
- f. Wear on hydraulic pump flexible coupling.
- g. Condition of exhaust.

Change the following: -

i. System hydraulic fluid.

6.4 Maintenance procedures

NOTE: Before any of the following procedures are undertaken, the battery isolator switch must be switched off.

- a. Changing fuel/hydraulic oil inlet filler elements.
 - (i) Replacement element
 - (ii) Remove filter bowl
 - (iii) Remove and discard filter element (do not clean)
 - (iv) Wash bowl thoroughly
 - (v) Fit replacement element into bowl
 - (vi) Re-assemble filter
 - (vii) Prime hand pump
- b. Changing hydraulic pressure filter element.
 - (i) Replacement element
 - (ii) Remove filter bowl
 - (iii) Remove and discard filter element (do not clean)
 - (iv) Wash bowl thoroughly
 - (v) Fit replacement element onto spigot
 - (vi) Fill filter bowl with clean hydraulic oil
 - (vii) Replace bowl O' ring if necessary
 - (viii) Re-assemble filter
- c. Change hydraulic return filter element.
 - (i) Replacement element
 - (ii) Remove filter bowl
 - (iii) Remove and discard filter element (do not clean)
 - (iv) Wash bowl thoroughly
 - (v) Fit replacement element onto spigot
 - (vi) Fill filter bowl with clean hydraulic oil
 - (vii) Replace bowl O' ring if necessary
 - (viii) Re-assemble filter
- d. Pump removal/re-fitting.
 - (i) **IMPORTANT NOTE** the hydraulic pump should be returned to the manufacturer for repair/overhaul. This item **must not** be stripped or tampered with.
 - (ii) Isolate pump from hydraulic oil reservoir using pump isolator valve
 - (iii) Remove hoses from pump body
 - (iv) Remove mounting screws from front flange of pump
 - (v) Withdraw pump from coupling towards oil reservoir
 - (vi) Remove bell-housing from engine mounting flange
 - (vii) Reverse procedure for re-assembly
 - (viii) Fill case drain of pump with clean hydraulic oil prior to start up following removal from the system (port located on the top of the pump with adaptor fitted)

e. Cooler removal/re-fitting.

- (i) Close pump isolator valve to prevent system syphoning
- (ii) Remove flexible hoses from cooler
- (iii) Remove mounting bolts from cooler
- (iv) To remove matrix, remove top and bottom retaining strips from front of cooler and withdraw matrix from front of cooler assembly

f. Control valve assembly.

- (i) Close pump isolator valve to prevent system syphoning
- (ii) To replace solenoid coils remove plastic retainer from end of coil and withdraw coil from retaining tube
- (iii) To replace valve assemblies remove 4 off retaining screws from top of valve and replace component as necessary

g. Pipework.

- (i) For details of hose assemblies see hydraulic schematic drawing Appendix 8 5 1
- (ii) Welded pipe ends are currently utilised and should it become necessary to disturb these fittings a replacement O' ring should be used

h. Changing system hydraulic fluid

- (i) Change hydraulic fluid
- (ii) Remove clean-out cover and clean reservoir
- (iii) Replace fuel inlet and hydraulic fluid inlet filter elements
- (iv) Replace hydraulic pressure line filter element
- (v) Replace hydraulic return line filter element
- (vi) Blow through cooler matrix to clear
- (vii) Replace solid pipe fitting O' rings as necessary
- (viii) Replace tank cover gasket
- (ix) Check all electrical connections for tightness
- (ix) Check drive coupling for wear and replace or adjust if necessary

6.5 Setting procedures

a. Re-setting pressure

The pressure regulating adjuster is situated on the main control valve assembly. To adjust:

- (i) Loosen the lock nut and wind the centre spigot counter clockwise to reduce pressure
- (ii) Press the test button on the control panel to load the system
- (iii) Turn the centre spigot clockwise to raise the system pressure
- (iv) When the required pressure has been achieved (max 240 bar) tighten the lock nut

NOTE: Should the required pressure be exceeded, wind the adjuster back and increase again. **Never** wind the pressure downwards to set

- b. Engine gauges replacement.
 - (i) There is a resistor fitted to all gauge power lines. This must be replaced after maintenance to prevent damage to the gauges.

7.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

7.1 Power pack engine will not start

- a. Check battery condition.
- b. Check diagnostics panel for fault LED showing (see fig. 2.)

7.2 Engine cuts out during running

a. Check diagnostics panel for fault LED showing and rectify (see fig. 2.)

7.3 Power pack does not generate any pressure

- a. Check L.E.D. (11) to see if hydraulic oil is up to temperature (see figure 2). If not perform warm-up operation described in section 4.3.1.
- b. Check operation of main valve in power pack by turning selector switch (5) to 'warm-up' on the instrumentation panel (fig. 2.) This gives 200 bar reading on pressure gauge.
- c. Check fuses or electrical connections to valve block if no reading from (b).
- d. Check operation of relief valve if no reading from (b).
- e. Check operation of hand control pendant and fuses in electrical box if reading is O.K. in (b).

7.4 Power pack generates pressure but hammer does not run

- a. Anvil not pushed fully up into hammer casing (see section 4.4.1.) or the dolly is not sitting correctly in the anvil (especially after transportation or laying on its side)
- b. Air in hammer hydraulic system see section 4.4.2.
- c. Hammer has been allowed to over-travel see section 4.4.4. to reset.
- d. Faulty bottom sensor assembly lay the hammer on timber blocks on level stable ground with the hose inlet manifold upper most then remove the Upper & Lower Side Covers and check the bottom sensor as follows: -
 - (i) Cam/spring operation does the cam rotate/return freely and is the spring in good order.
 - (ii) Check for correct lift on valve roller (4mm)
 - (iii) Check 'trip' arrangement for correct function

(iv) It is possible to work the hammer for diagnostic purposes whilst it is lying on the ground. However, extreme caution must be exercised when doing so, as incorrect operation will cause hammer damage. Always ensure the pendant is in MANUAL mode and NOT automatic mode. The anvil must be in the 'up' position so as to ensure the trip device is 'off'. The hammer can be pressurised by 'tapping' the 'start' push button on the pendant (power pack running) very gradually building up enough pressure to move the drop weight. If the button is held for too long the drop weight will possibly impact the inside top of the hammer - not a good idea!

However, by careful application of this method it is possible to check pressure is reaching the relevant sensor. If it is not, then the problem may be with the over-travel valve (part 1-084-00-02) not allowing oil flow to the control side of the hammer. This can be confirmed by removing the main pressure feed to either sensor - no oil flow when pressurising the system indicates over-travel valve problems and this item should be removed for inspection. (The over-travel valve can be removed through the wide slot in the side of the hammer encased by the rear leg guide and the hammer will require turning over to do this). Turn the power pack off before removal.

When checking the over-travel valve first check the small restrictor/dowel on its top face for any blockage. The valve is unlikely to be faulty inside and if this is suspected the unit should be returned to the manufacturer for checking.

If pressure is reaching the sensor check that the pilot signal from the sensor is reaching the main control valve block at the top of the hammer when the roller valve is operated. If not, remove and inspect the roller valve.

e. If this all appears to be in order check the top sensor mechanism in a similar manner to that described in e. (i) and (ii) above as it may be that the top sensor is jammed on.

Note: The spool inside the roller valve and the roller shaft are not connected so even though the roller returns when operated it does not follow that the spool has returned. Check the tension on the roller shaft, if there is none the spool may be stuck open.

f. If all appears well the problem may be with the main control valve spool. Contact the manufacturer for further details.

7.5 Hammer will lift but not drop

- a. Has the hammer been allowed to over-travel? Check reset see section 4.4.4.
- b. Air in hammer hydraulic system see section 4.4.2.
- c. Damaged 'looped' hose from sensor assembly check by removing the Upper & Lower Side Covers from the Rear Side of the hammer i.e. the side with the Hose Inlet Manifold.
- d. Faulty top sensor assembly see 7.4.d as diagnosis is similar to faulty bottom sensor assembly.
- e. Faulty bottom sensor assembly i.e. valve is staying on (see section 7.4.d. for similar diagnosis)

7.6 Hammer runs erratically

- a. Air in hydraulic system see section 4.4.2.
- b. 'Cold' hydraulic oil see section 4.4.4.
- c. Accumulator pressures incorrect or bladders damaged.
 See Appendix 8.2.High pressure accumulator 100 bar (3 off)
 Low pressure accumulator 3 bar (3 off)
- d. Not enough hydraulic flow/pressure from power pack check flow rate.
- e. One or both sensors damaged/contaminated see sections 7.4 and 7.5

7.7 Excessive hose 'jumping'

Check accumulator pressures/condition - see Appendix 8.2.

7.8 Hammer 'jumping' excessively on pile top - reduce stroke immediately and/or stop piling

- a. Too much hydraulic oil input set to 270 l/min.
- b. 'Cold' hydraulic oil see section 4.4.4 and reduce stroke. To warm the oil see section 4.3.1.
- c. Stroke adjuster set too high reduce **immediately** to continue working.
- d. Suspension Rings damaged. Inspect and replace immediately, if necessary.
- e. Incorrect operation of top sensor assembly i.e. cam wear and/or incorrect roller travel.

7.9 Stroke height indicator will not move

- a. With the power pack running and control pendant connected, check pressure gauges when '↑' and '↓' are pressed. If no readings, check relevant valve and wiring/fuses in power pack.
- b. If readings are O.K., check hoses to hammer. If these are O.K., check restrictor orifices for blockages these are the male/male adaptors located on the inlet manifold
- c. If these are clear remove the Rear Upper Side Cover and check the height adjusting ram and top sensor assembly.

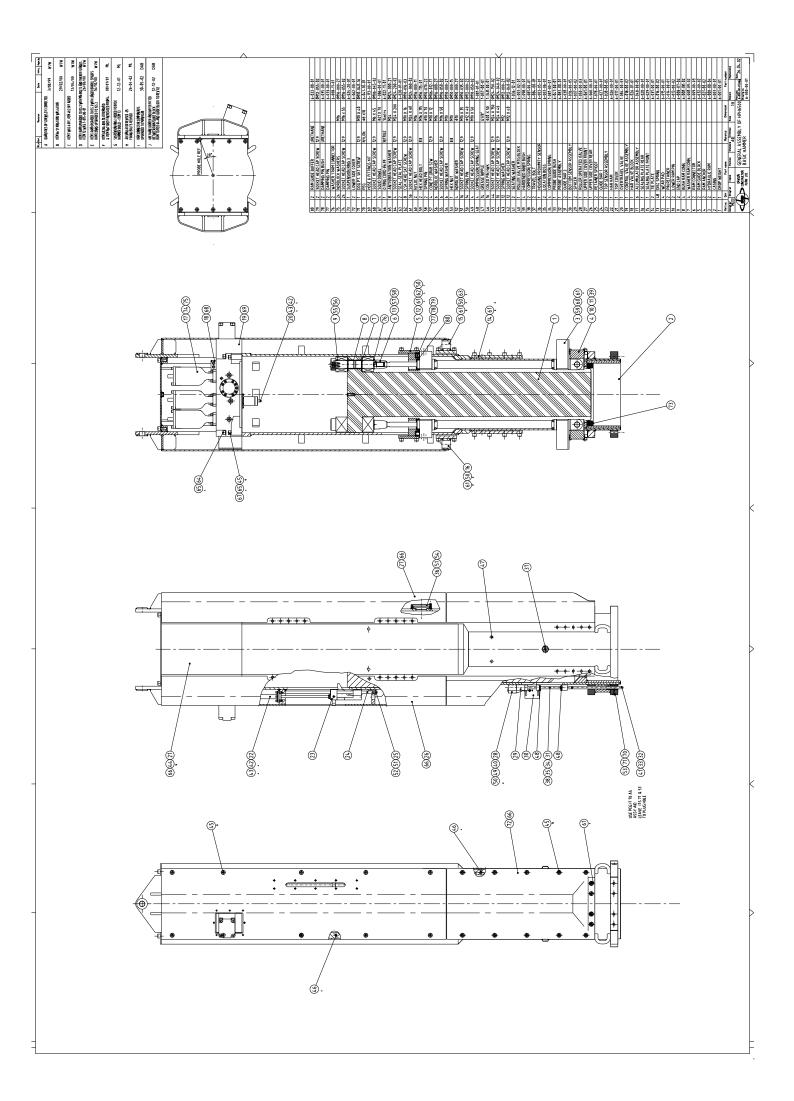
APPENDIX 8.1 -

HPH6500 HYDRAULIC HAMMER

PARTS LISTS FOR ALL CONFIGURATIONS

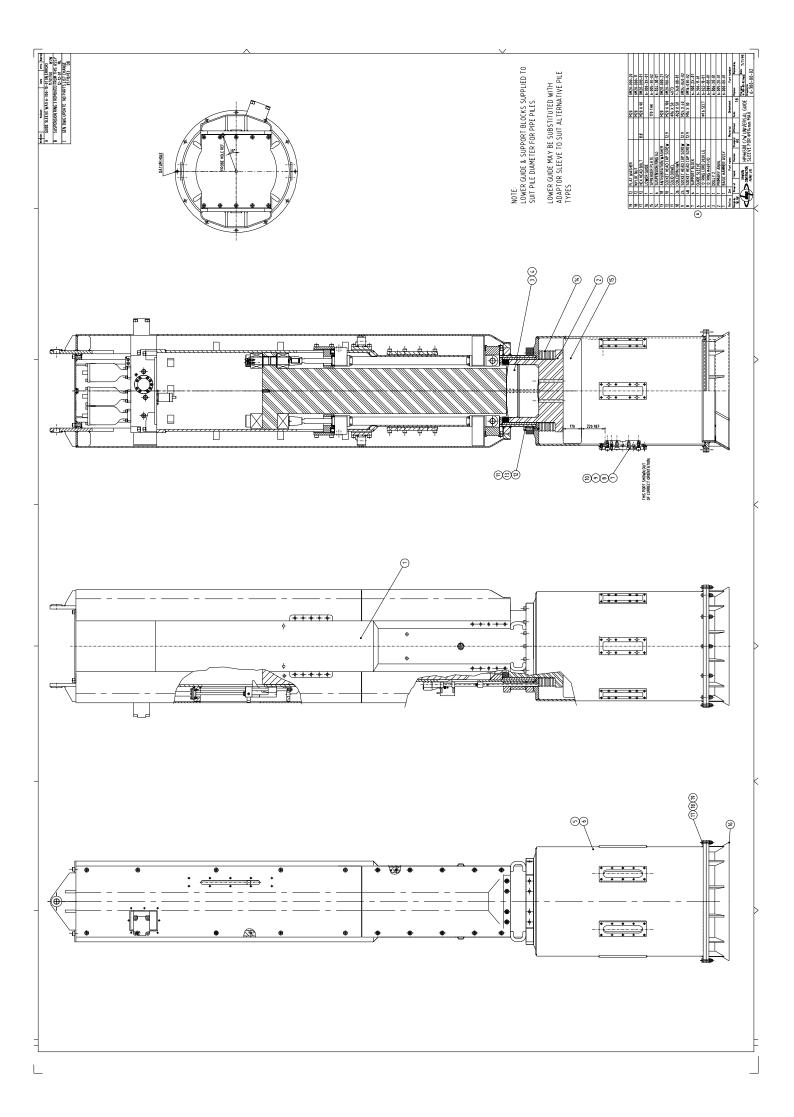
This includes the following drawings:

6-000-00-01	Basic Hammer Configuration
6-300-00-02	Hammer Configured to Drive Tubes/Pipe with the Universal Guide
	System – free hanging.
6-400-00-02	Hammer Configured to Operate in Leads
6-600-00-02	Hammer Configured to Drive Sheet Pile - Free Hanging

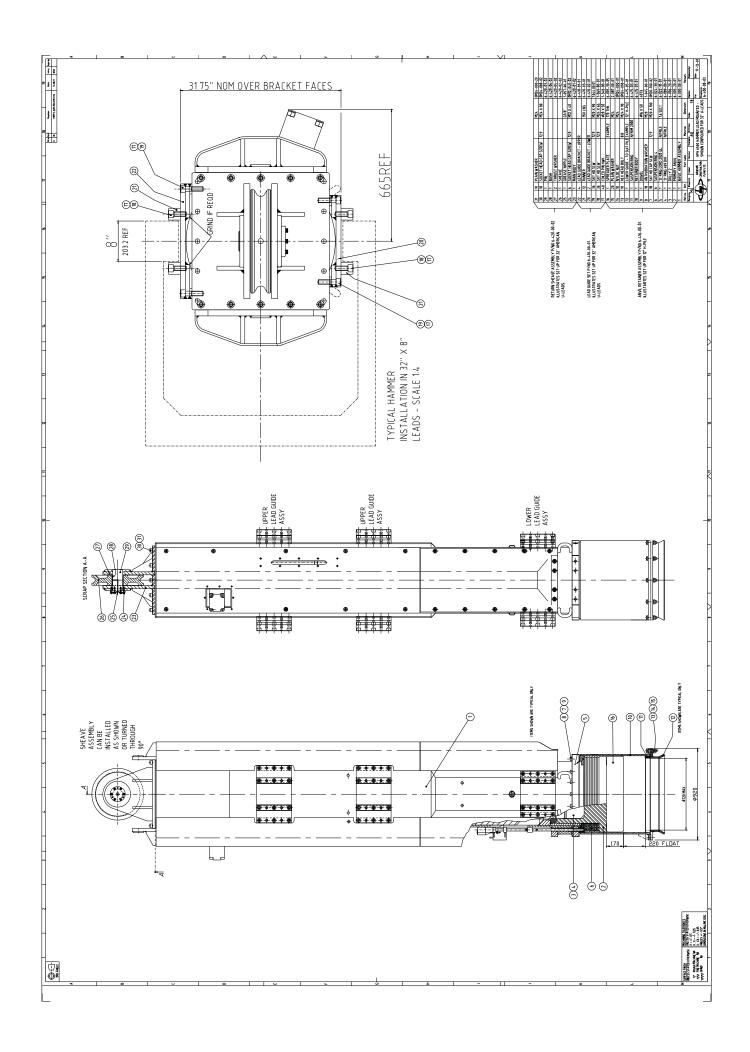


		1		2		3	L	+	5	
		-			Rf.r	rant.	Revision		Date Intro.	Appr.by
	3RD ANGLE									
А										
	38	2	COMPRESSION	SPRING				6-081-	00-01	
	37	2	TRAVEL BOLT	-				6-084-	00-01	
	36	1	HOUSING PRO	XIMITY SE	ENSOR			6-003-	05-01	
	35	2	LOCATION BOS	SS				6-003-	06-01	
В	34	4	COMPRESSION	SPRING				1-081-0	0 - 0 1	
	33	1	PROBE GUIDE	BUSH				6-041-	00-01	
	32	1	PROBE ASSEM	1BLY				6-083-	00-01	
	31	2	GUIDE BAR 2					6-038-	00-01	
	30	1	BOTTOM SENS	SOR ASSE	MBLY			1-036-	00-05	
	29	2	SPACER					1-037-	00-02	
(28	1	ROLLER OPER	ATED VA	LVE			1-050-	00-03	
	27	1	UPPER SIDE C	OVER FRO	TNC			6-061-	00-01	
	26	1	UPPER SIDE C	OVER REA	AR			6-060-	00-01	
	25	2	RETAINER SPI	GOT				1-078-	00-01	
	24	2	GUIDE BAR 1					6-027-	00-01	
	23	1	TOP SENSOR	ASSEMBL	Υ			1-030-	00-05	
D	22	1	HAR RAM					6-026-	00-01	
	21	1	TOP COVER					6-017-	00-01	
	20	1	OVERTRAVEL	VALVE				1-084-	00-03	
	19	1	CONTROL VAL	VE ASSE	MBLY			6-018-	00-02	
	18	1	HAR VALVE B	LOCK				6-026-	01-01	
	17	6	ACCUMULATO		BLY			1-048-		
Е	16	1	SEALING PLAT	TE REAR				6-028-	00-01	
	15	1	SEALING PLAT	TE FRONT				6-029-	00-01	
	14	2	TIE PLATE					6-031-	00-01	
	13	48	DISC SPRING					6-016-	00-02	
	12	4	WEAR PAD					6-015-	00-01	
	11	2	PIN RETAINER					2-014-	00-01	
F	10	2	LOWER RAM P	Л				2-013-		
	9	2	END CAP					6-008-		
	8	4	BUSH RAM CO					6-008-		
	7	4	WASHER RAM					6-008-		
	6	2	RAM CONNECT					6-009-		
	5	2	RAM GUIDE BL	.OCK				6-032-		
G	4	2	RAM ANCHOR					2-021-		
	3	2	HYDRAULIC R.	AM				6-008-		
	2	1	CASING					6-003-		
	1	1	DROP WEIGHT					6-001-	00-01	
	Ref.no.	Qnt.	Part	name		Material	Dimension		Remark	
	Design by MLEE	Drav	vn by Copied	Checked	Standar	Affirmed	Scale	Replace	Replaced by	
Η			L DAWSON					File	-01.dwg Date 26 - 0	/. N2
	d	cp)	CONSTRUCTION				HPH6500	6-000-00- Drawing no.	<u>-vi.awg ZD-U</u>	4-02
		1	PLANT LTD.	BASICH	1AMME	<u>-</u> K		6-000-	00-01	

		1	2	3	4	5	
ı	80	2	RAM GUIDE BUFFER	URETHANE		6-033-00-01	
	79	2	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9		0M12-055-02	
Α	78	2	DAMPING PIN BUSH	URETHANE		6-035-00-01	
	77	2	DAMPING PIN			6-033-00-01	
	76	2	WASHER 1 RAM CONNECTOR			6-008-11-01	
_	75	24	NORDLOCK WASHERS		M16	0M16-000-27	
	74	24	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M16 x 55	0M16-055-02	
	73	1	SUSPENSION RING 3			6-024-20-01	
В	72	2	LOWER SIDE COVER			6-062-00-01	B
	71	1	DOG PT. SKT SCREW	12.9	M10 X 40	0M10-040-16	
	70	1	PEG	NYLON	Ø8 X10	6-041-10-01	
	69	1	HOSE & FITTINGS KIT			6-113-00-01	_
	68	4	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M6 X 45	0M06-045-02	
	67	4	SOLID DOWEL		Φ21 X 70	1-086-00-01	
	66	1	O RING CORD Ø6.99	NITRILE	14mtrs	6-022-11-01	
	65	8	ANTIVIBRATION WASHER		M24	0M24-000-21	
	64	4	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 200	0M24-200-02	
	63	2	SEAL-SEAL PLATE			6-028-01-01	
	62	8	CSK HEAD SKT SCREW	12.9	M10 X 16	0M10-016-03	
	61	56	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 60	0M24-060-02	
D	60	2	NYLOC NUT		M16	0M16-000-11	
_	- 59	2	HEX HEAD BOLT	8.8	M16 X 115	0M16-115-01	
	58	2	SPRING PIN		Ø10 X 70	0M10-070-22	
	57	4	CONE PT.GRUB SCW	12.9	M10 X 12	0M06-012-17 —	_
	56	6	NORDLOC WASHER		M16	0M16-000-27	
	55	6	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M16 X 50	0M16-050-02	
Ε	54	6	SPRING WASHER		M10	0M10-000-21	E
	53	1	HEX NUT	8.8	M10	0M10-000-15	
	52	4	NORDLOC WASHER		Ø10	0M10-000-27	
	51	16	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M10 X 35	0M10-035-02	
	50	14	SPRING PIN		Ø12 X 40	0M12-000-22	
	49	4	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M10 X 50	0M10-050-02	
F	48	4	COMPRESSION SPRING SEAT			1-081-01-01	F
	47	14	GREASE NIPPLE		G1/8"	1-057-00-01	
	46	16	COILED PIN HWK		Φ20 X 50	1-348-00-01	
	45	44	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 150	0M24-150-02	
	44	10	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 40	0M24-040-02	
	43	12	SPRING WASHER		M12	0M12-000-21	
G	42	12	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M12 X 40	0M12-040-02	(
	41	2	SEATING WASHER			1-036-12-01	
	40	1	ROLLER VALVE MTG BLOCK			6-003-02-01	
\dashv	39	4	HARDENED INNER BUSH			2-098-00-01	\bot
	Ref.no.	Qnt.	Part name	Material	Dimension	Remark	
н	Design by MLEE	Draw		Affirmed Affirmed	Scale	Replace Replaced by	
17		CD	DAWSON CONSTRUCTION PLANT LTD. DAWSON GENERAL AS BASIC HAMM	SEMBLY OF H	HPH6500	File 6-000-00-01.dwg Date 26-04-0 Drawing no. 6-000-00-01)2
Į		1	2	3	4	5	



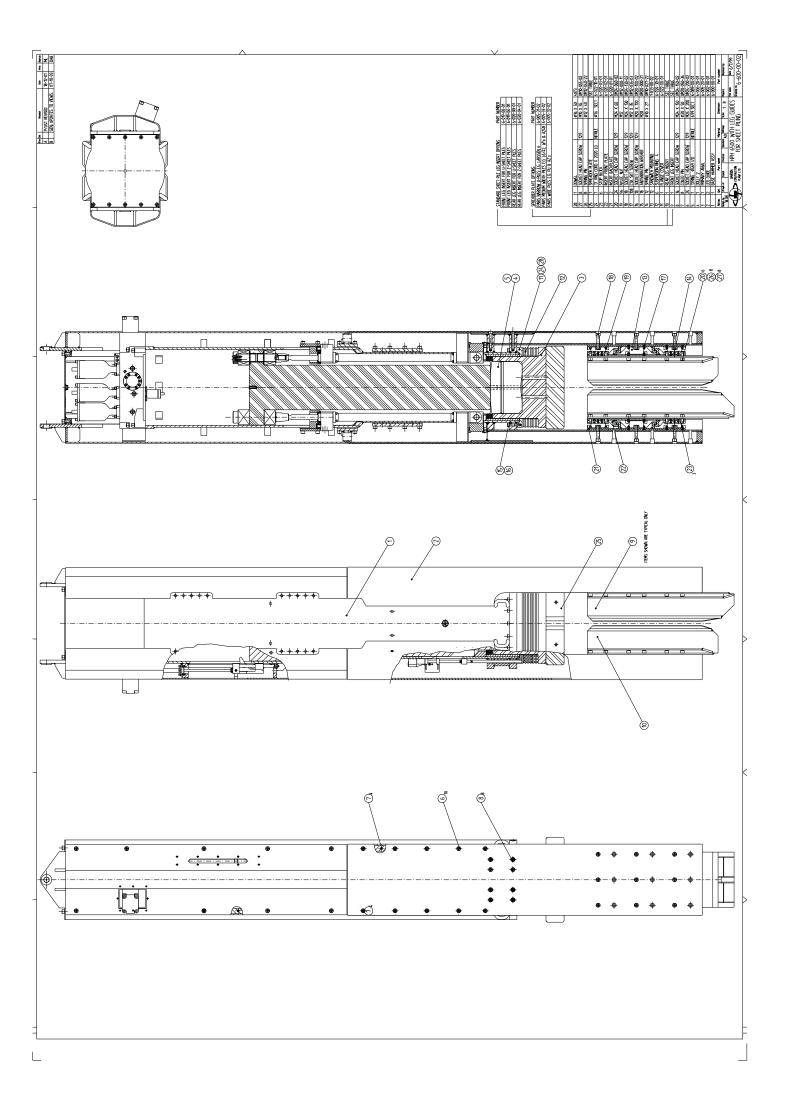
C da		CONSTRUCTION PLANT LTD.	SLEEVE					Drawing no. 6 – 3 0 0 – 0	0 - 0 2
		DAWSON	HPH65	00 (/	/ W l	JNIVFR	SAL GUIDE	File name 6-300-00-02.d	wg Date 7/7/
Design by WJW	Draw	n at Copied	Checked	Standar A (Affirmed	Scale 1:8	Replace	Replaced by
Ref.no.	Qnt.	Parti	name		Ma	terial	Dimension	Par	t number
1	1	BASIC HAMME	RASSY					6-000-00-	01
2	1	PRIMARY ANV	<u>IL</u>					6-005-20-	01
3	1	DOLLY 2						6-006-20-	01
4	1	'0' RING Ø469	I/D					6-089-00-	01
5	1	'0' RING CORD	2020 LG				Ø1.6 SECT	6-022-10-	01
6	1	GUIDE SLEEVE						6-300-11-0	01
7	6	SUPPORT BLO	CK					6-300-2X-	-01
8	48	SOCKET HEAD	CAP SCR	EW	12.9)	M16 X 30	0M16-030-	02
9	24	SOCKET HEAD	CAP SCR	EW	12.9)	M24 X 40	0M24-040	-02
10	36	COILEDPIN HW	K				Ø20 X 50	1-348-00-	01
11	1	SOLID DOWEL					Ø16 X 50	4073	
12	18	SOCKET HEAD			12.9)	M20 X 100	0M20-100-	02
13	18	ANTIVIBRATIO					M20	0M20-000-	
14	6	SUSPENSION F						6-024-30-	
15	1	SPREADER PL	ΔΤΕ				170 THK	6-005-30-	
16	1	LOWER GUIDE	_ !		0.0		1120 / 70	6-300-3X-	
17	12	HEX HEAD BOL	T		8.8		M20 X 90	0M20-090-	
19 18	12 12	FLAT WASHEF NYLOC NUT	\				M20 M20	0M20-000-	



RETURN SHEAVE ASSEMBLY P/NO 6-420-00-02. ILLUSTRATES SET UP FOR 32" AMERICAN U-LEADS.

LEAD GUIDE SET P/NO 6-410-00-01. ILLUSTRATES SET UP FOR 32" AMERICAN U-LEADS. ANVIL RETAINER ASSEMBLY P/NO 6-416-00-01. ILLUSTARTES SET UP FOR 12" H-PILE

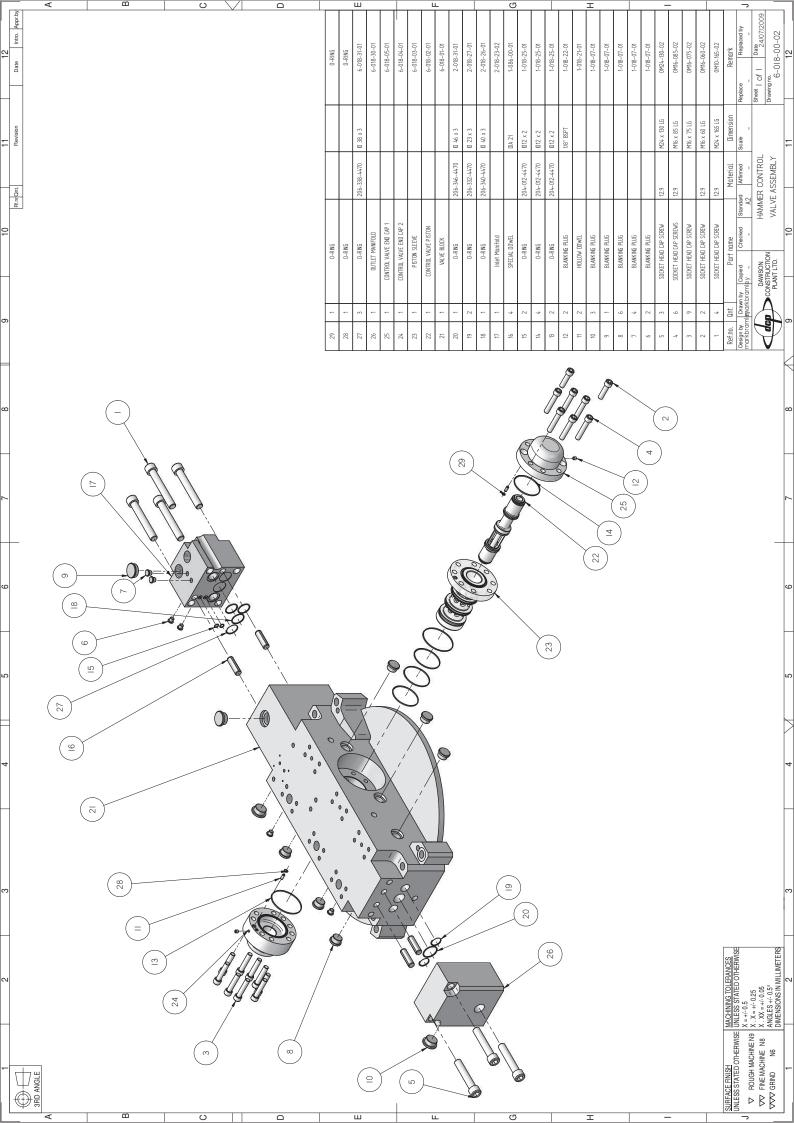
\subset	31	9	PLAIN WASHER				0M24-000-20
	30	9	SOCKET HEAD	CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 80	0M24-080-02
	29	_	PIN				6-420-03-02
	28	_	BUSH				6-420-06-02
_	27	2	THRUST WASH	SHER			6-420-04-02
	26	<u></u>	SHEAVE				6-420-02-02
	25	_	GREASE NIPPL	_E		G1/8"	1-057-00-01
	24	9	SOCKET HEAD CAP	CAP SCREW	12.9	M12 X 40	0M12 - 040 - 02
\vdash	23	<u></u>	MAIN BODY				6-420-01-02
\vdash	22	7	LEAD GUIDE B	BRACKET - UPP ę f	ER		6-410-01-01
	21	12	RUNNER			350 LNG	6-410-03-01
	20	2	LEAD GUIDE BRACKE	RACKET - LOWER	X.		6-410-02-01
	19	36	SKT HD SCW		12.9	M20 X 90	1.044.00.01
	18	36	SKT HD SCW		12.9	M24 X 65	1-069-00-01
\vdash	17	87	COILED PIN HWK	关		\$20 X 50	1-348-00-01
\vdash	16		SPREADER PLA	ATE	EXAMPLE	170 THK	6-005-30-05
	15	20	PLAIN WASHER	R		M24	2-087-00-01
	14	10	NYLOC NUT			M24	0M24-000-01
	13	10	HEX HEAD BOL	LT	8.8	M24 X 90	0M24-090-01
	12	_	LOWER GUIDE	- TO SUIT PILE	EXAMPLE	12" H-PILE	6-415-05-01
	11	_	SUSPENSION RING	RING	NYRIM 2000		6-415-03-01
	10	_	RETAINER BODY)Y			6-415-01-01
	6	<u> </u>	DOWEL			Ø16 X 50	4073
	∞	29	ANTIVIBRATION WASHER	IN WASHER		M20	1-045-00-01
	7	18	SKT HD CAP SCW	C.W	12.9	M20 X 100	0M20-100-02
	9	9	SUSPENSION RING	SING 4			6-024-30-01
	2	_	'0' RING CORD 2020	2020 GL.	NITRILE	1.6 SECT	6-022-10-01
	7	_	,0, BING 499 D	DIA	NITRILE		6-089-00-01
	3	_	DOLLY 2				6-006-20-01
\vdash	2	<u></u>	PRIMARY ANVIL	1			6-005-20-01
	_	_	BASIC HAMMER	R ASSEMBLY			6-000-00-01
	Refino	ant.	Part name	name	Material	Dimension	Remark
	Design by ML		Drawn by Copied	Checked Standard	d Affirmed	Scale 1:8	Replace Replaced by
			DAWSON	HPH 6500 HA	MMER LEAD N	10UNTED -	File Date 17-12-01
	V	de de	CONSTRUCTION PI ANT LTD	SHOWN CONF	IGURED FOR	SHOWN CONFIGURED FOR 32" U-LEADS	Drawing no. 6 - 1, 0.0 - 0.0 - 0.3
_							70-00-004-0

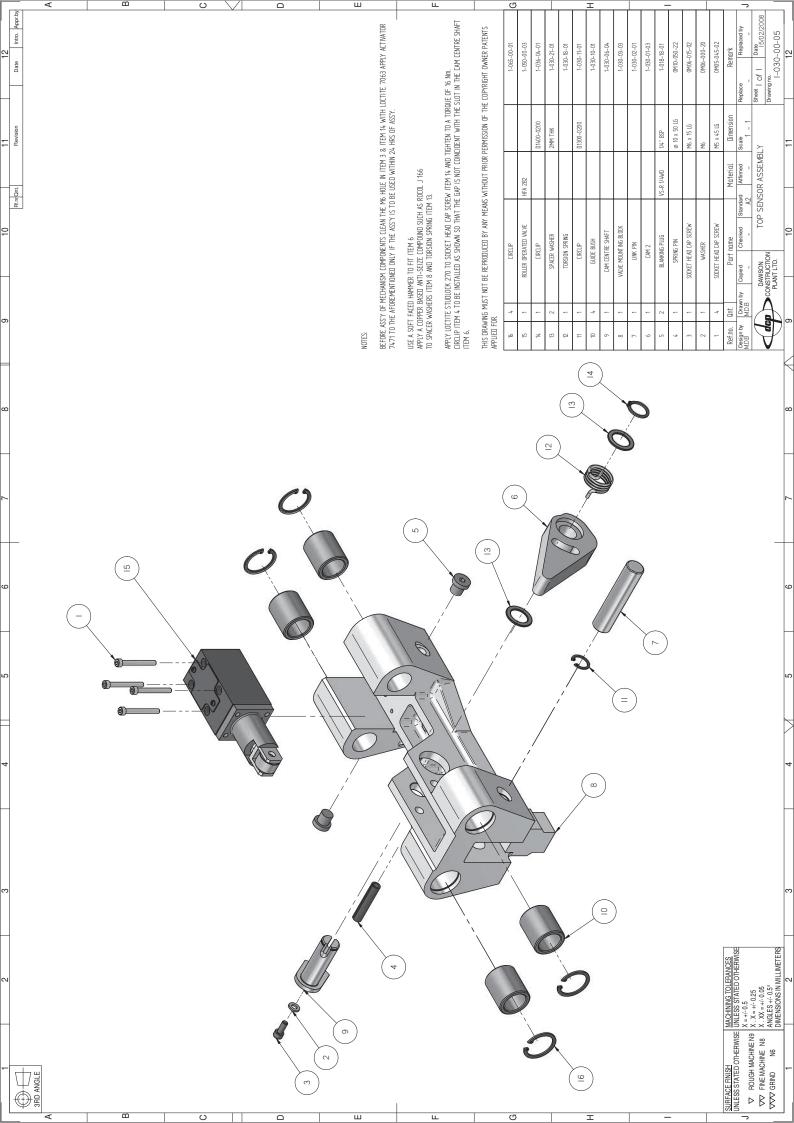


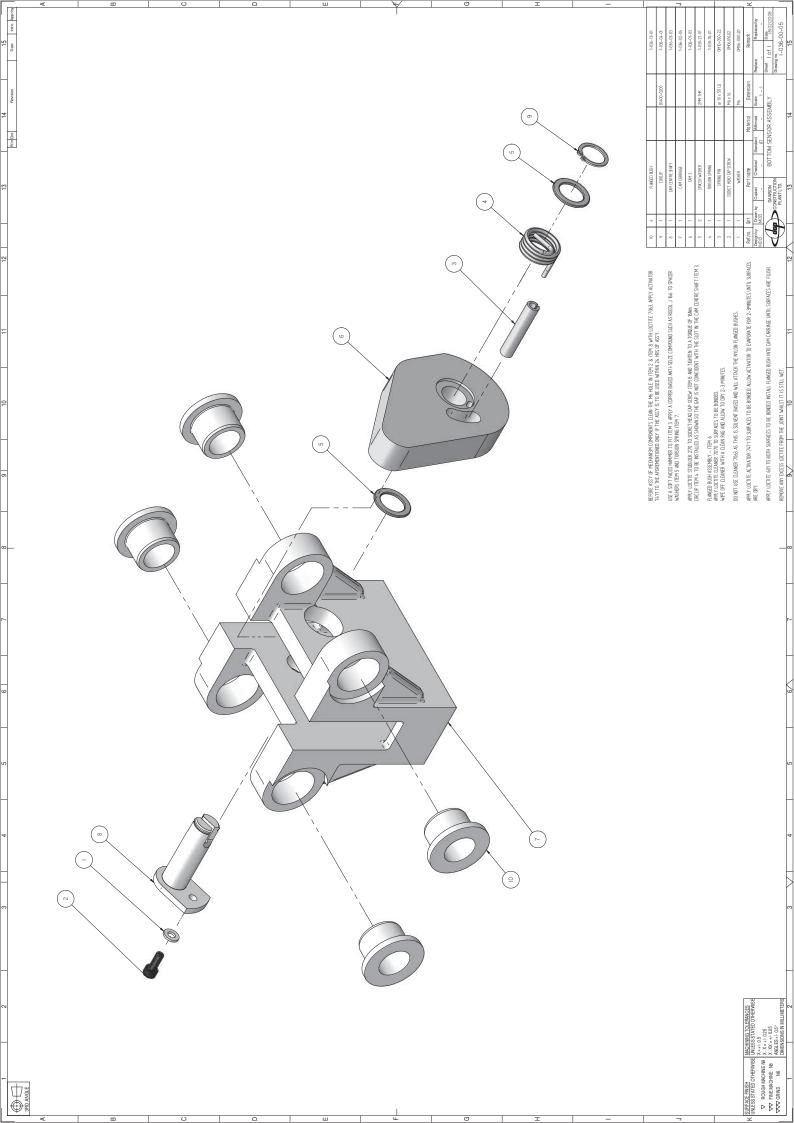
STANDARD SHEET PILE LEG INSERT OPTIONS	PART NUMBER
FRONT LEG INSERT FOR U-SHEET PILES	6-019-00-01
FRONT LEG INSERT FOR Z-SHEET PILES	6-019-04-01
REAR LEG INSERT FOR U-SHEET PILES	6-020-00-01
REAR LEG INSERT FOR Z-SHEET PILES	6-020-04-01

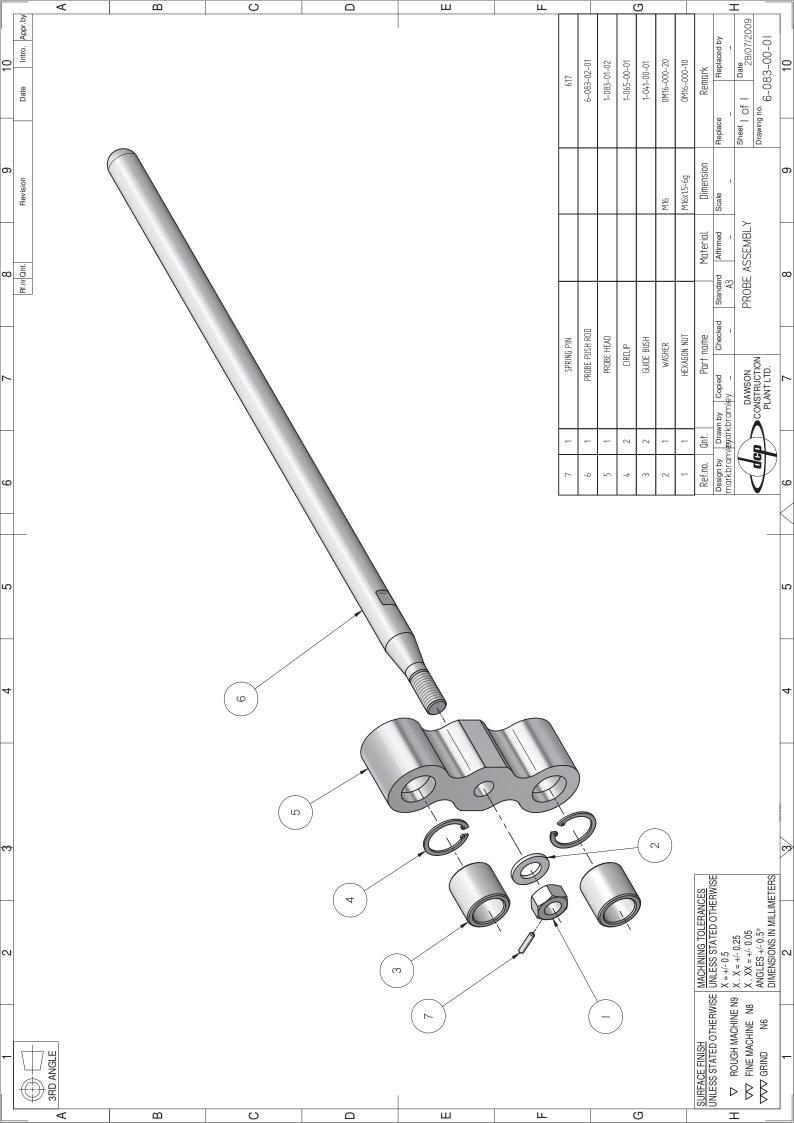
-	SPREADER PLATE OPTIONS	PART NUMBER
	PAIRS NARROW U-PILES E.G. LARSSEN 6	6-005-31-02
	PAIRS MEDIUM WIDTH PILES E.G. L6/42, W's & AZ48	6-005-33-02
	PAIRS WIDE PILES E.G. PU & AZ'S	6-005-32-02

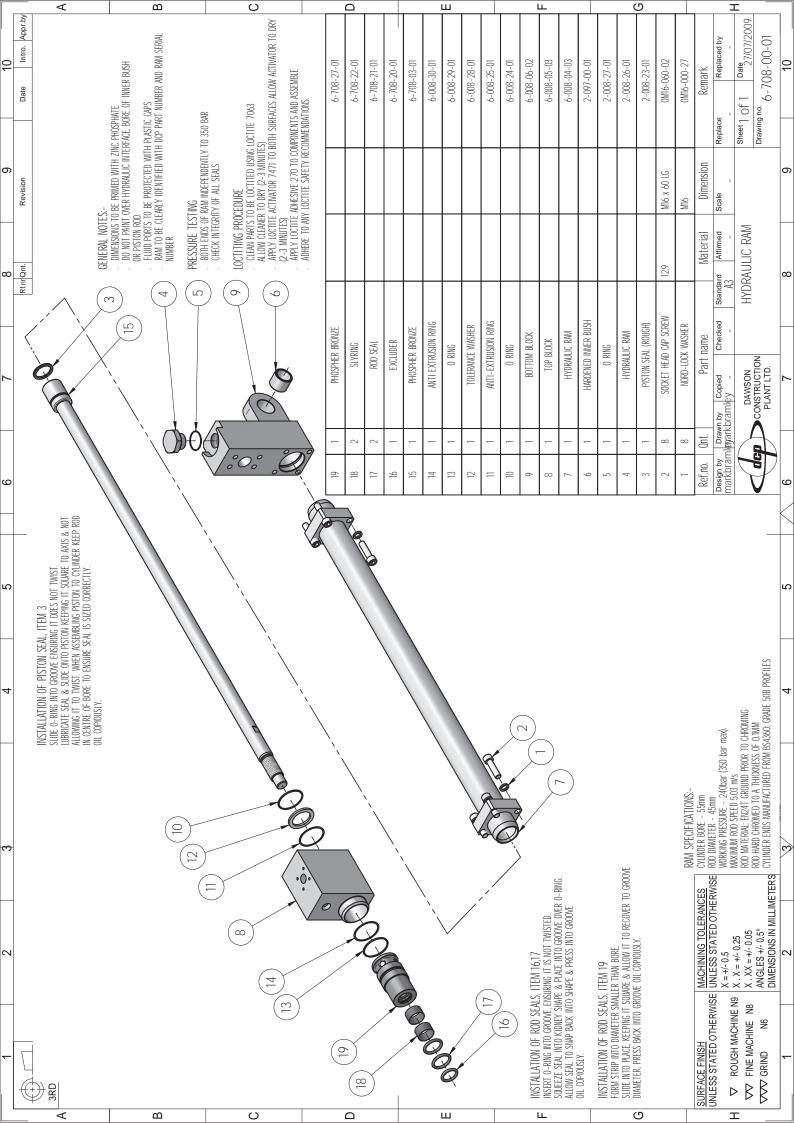
28	1	DOWEL		Φ16 X 50	4073
27	8	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M10 X 55	0M10-055-02
26	8	SPRING PIN		Ø12 X 40	0M12-040-22
- 25	1	SPREADER PLATE			SEE TABLE
24	1	'O' RING CORD X 2020 LG	NITRILE	Φ1.6 SECT	6-022-10-01
23	6	STOP BLOCK			6-020-03-01
22	2	INSERT FRONT PLATE			6-020-02-01
21	2	INSERT BACKPLATE			6-020-01-01
20	24	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 60	0M24-060-02
19	96	NYLOC NUT		M12	0M12-000-11
18	18	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 130	0M24-130-02
17	108	CSK SKT SCREW	12.9	M12 X 35	0M12-035-03
16	18	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M20 X 100	0M20-100-02
15	18	ANTIVIBRATION WASHER		M20	0M20-000-21
14	12	SPRING PIN		Ø10 X 27	0M10-027-22
13	12	SANDWICH MOUNTING			1-033-00-02
12	6	SUSPENSION RING 4			6-024-30-01
11	1	FLANGE COVER			6-022-00-01
- 10	1	REAR LEG INSERT			SEE TABLE
- 9	1	FRONT LEG INSERT			SEE TABLE
8	16	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 150	0M24-150-02
7	8	COILED PIN		Φ20 X 50	0M20-050-36
6	24	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	12.9	M24 X 200	0M24-200-02
5	1	′O′RING	NITRILE	6.99 SECT	6-089-00-01
4	1	DOLLY 2			6-006-20-01
3	1	PRIMARY ANVIL			6-005-20-01
2	2	LEG GUIDE			6-002-00-01
1	1	BASIC HAMMER ASSY			6-000-00-01
Ref.no.	. Qnt.	Part name	Material	Dimension	Part number
Design b	y Drawi	n at Copied Checked Standar	Affirmed Affirmed	Scale 1:8	Replace Replaced by
/		DAWSON HPH 6500) /v/ITH F(G GUIDES	File name Date 6/7/99
	dep	> CONSTRUCTION	SHEET PILII		Drawing no. 6-600-00-02
\		PLANT LTD. FUR S		1	0 000 00 02

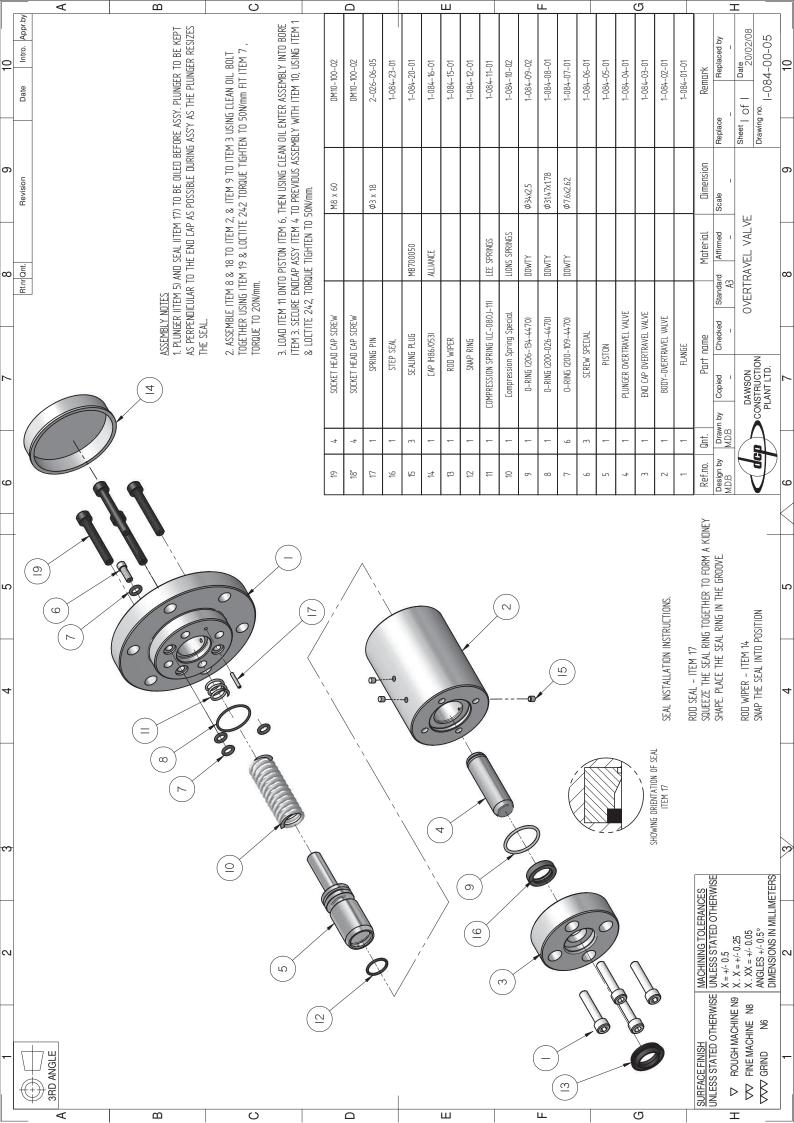




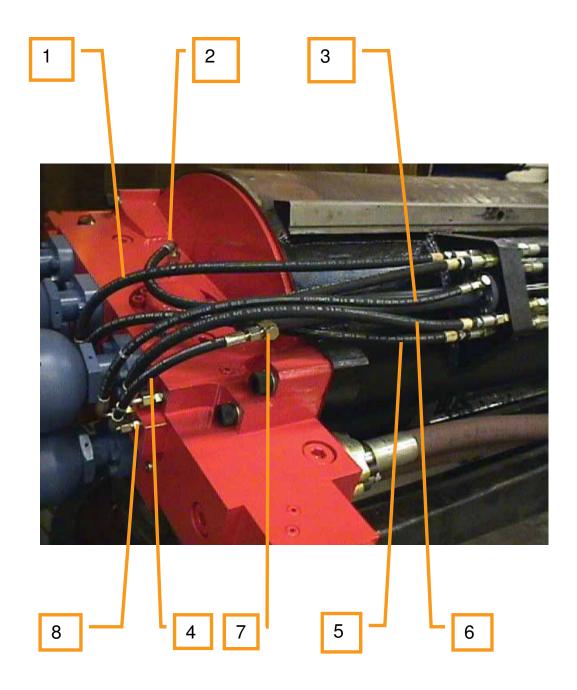




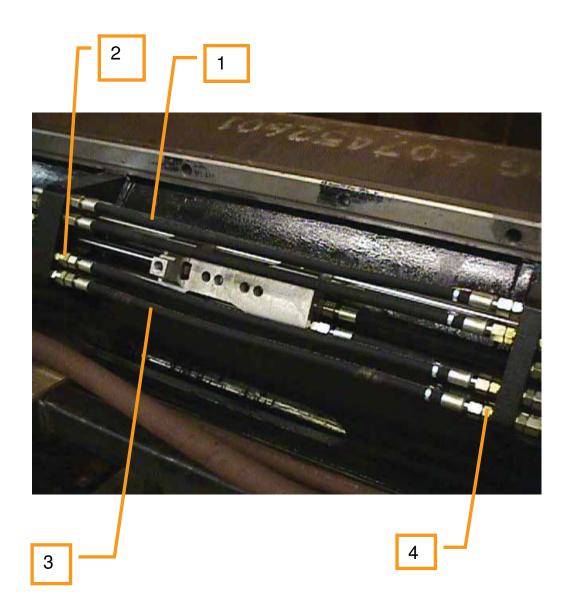




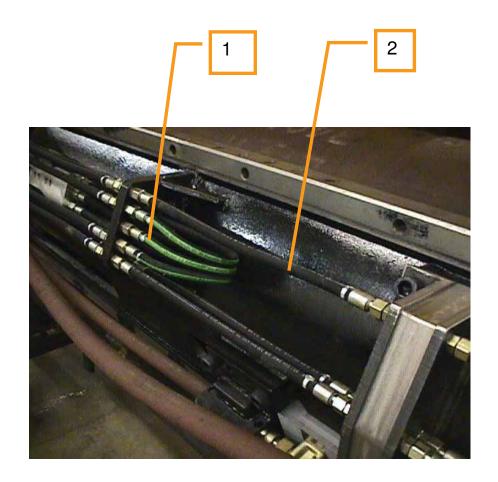
HYDRAULIC HOSE DETAILS FOR HPH6500 HAMMER



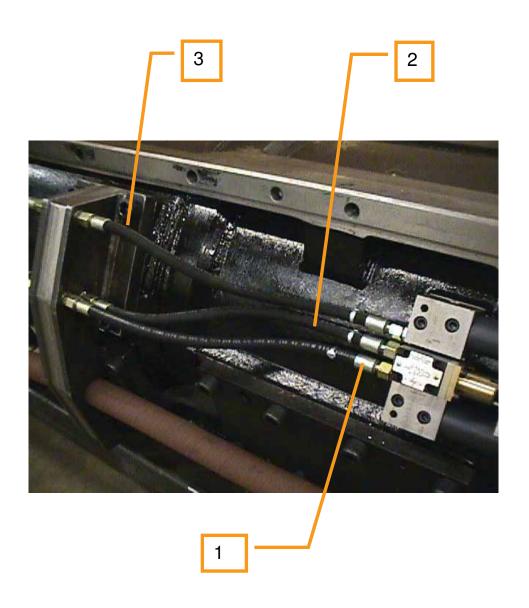
ITEM	PART NUMBER	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	6.110.09.01	1	Hose Assembly
2	6.110.11.01	1	Hose Assembly
3	6.026.30.01	1	Hose Assembly
4	6.026.31.01	1	Hose Assembly
5	6.110.12.01	1	Hose Assembly
6	6.110.10.01	1	Hose Assembly
7	6.026.32.01	2	Banjo Coupling
8	1.111.12.01	2	Male Stud Coupling



ITEM	PART NUMBER	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	6.110.01.01	4	Hose Assembly
2	1.100.03.02	2	Check Valve
3	6.110.03.01	2	Hose Assembly
4	1.111.14.02	36	Male Stud Coupling

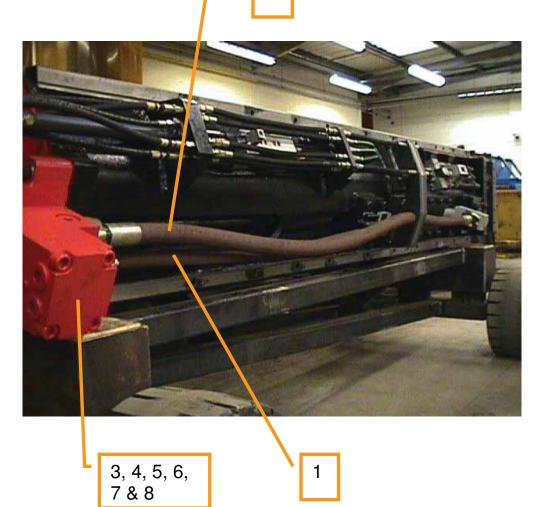


ITEM	PART NUMBER	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	6.110.04.01	3	Hose Assembly
2	6.110.05.01	3	Hose Assembly



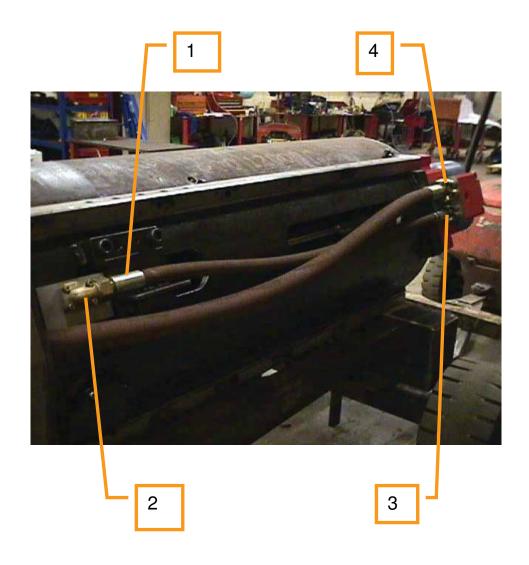
ITEM	PART NUMBER	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	6.110.06.01	1	Hose Assembly
2	6.110.07.01	1	Hose Assembly
3	6.110.08.01	1	Hose assembly



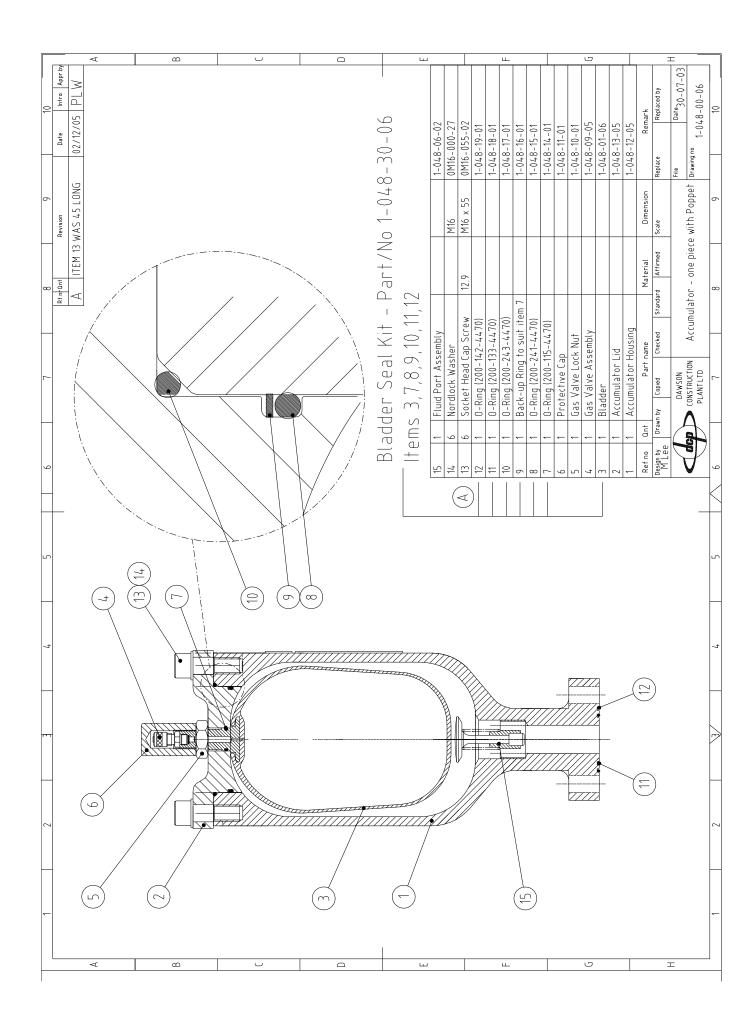


ITEM	PART	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
	NUMBER		
1	6.111.01.01	2	Hose Assembly
2	6.111.02.01	2	Hose Assembly
3	1.501.07.01	1	11/4" BSP M/M Adaptor
4	2.501.06.01	1	11/2" BSP M/M Adaptor
5	1.501.08.01	2	3/8" Restricted M/M Adaptor
6	1.102.03.01	1	11/4" BSP Dowty Seal
7	1.102.06.01	1	11/2" BSP Dowty Seal
8	1.100.01.01	2	3/8" Dowty Seal

Inlet Manifold



ITEM	PART NUMBER	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	6.111.01.01	2	Hose Assembly
2	1.111.17.01	2	Flanged Elbow
3	1.111.20.01	2	1" SAE 6000 Split Flange Clamps
4	1.088.00.01	4	11/2" SAE 6000 Split Flange
			Clamps



Important Safety Notes for Bladder Accumulators

- 1. Use nitrogen gas only
- 2. All accumulators are supplied precharged to 100bar (1450 psi) unless sent via air-freight in which case they will be shipped unprecharged
- 3. Always use the gas filling apparatus supplied by Dawson. This equipment includes a regulator valve specifically designed for use with hammer accumulators where the precharge pressure is less than the supply cylinder pressure.
- 4. Read the instructions below fully before attempting to adjust the precharge in any accumulator
- 5. Routine maintenance on the accumulator in-situ or removal of the accumulator must only be carried out when the hydraulic system pressure has been completely removed.

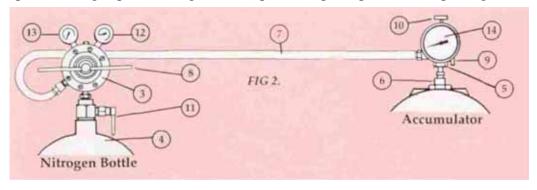
Accumulator Pre-charge Pressure

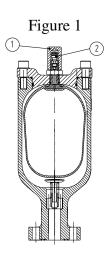
High pressure accumulator – 100 bar

Low Pressure Accumulator – 3 bar

Pre-charge Procedure

- 1. Remove Protective Cap (1) and Sealing cap (2) see figure 1.
- 2. Attach the Regulator Valve to the nitrogen cylinder see figure 2.
- 3. Attach the charging set (5) to the accumulator gas valve assembly (6) and connect charging hose (7) between the regulator and the charging set connection.
- 4. Back off handle (8) anticlockwise until loose. Check gas bleed valve (9) on charging set is closed and screw hand wheel (10) clockwise to open gas valve.
- 5. Open nitrogen cylinder valve by turning key (11), cylinder pressure will register on right hand gauge (12). This pressure should be checked against the required precharge pressure.
- 6. Turn handle (8) clockwise until outlet pressure on left hand gauge (13) registers 10% higher than required precharge pressure (110 bar or 3.5 bar). When pressure on the charging set and outlet gauges are equal, close nitrogen cylinder valve.
- 7. Turn hand wheel (10) anticlockwise to seal gas valve.
- 8. Crack bleed valve (9) to exhaust gas from charging hose and remove hose from charging set and replace hose connection sealing cap.
- 9. Close bleed valve, turn hand wheel (10) clockwise to open gas valve and crack bleed valve (9) to vent down to required precharge pressure. Close bleed valve.
- 10. Turn hand wheel (10) anticlockwise to reseal gas valve, crack bleed valve and remove charging set from the accumulator.
- 11. Test accumulator gas valve for leaks using soapy water or similar.
- 12. Replace sealing cap (2) and tighten with pliers. Replace protective cap using a wrench.





Inspection and repair of Accumulators

Due to the nature of the design and specific assembly procedures it is recommended that the accumulators should only be inspected and repaired by a competent person. Dawson Construction Plant Limited or their approved dealers will be happy to undertake this work as required. Please note the Important Safety Notes at the beginning of this section.

Removal of Accumulator Pre-charge

- Remove Protective Cap (Item 6) from the Bladder Stem by unscrewing anti-clockwise
- Remove the Sealing Cap from the Gas Valve Assembly (Item 4)
- Connect Charging Set to the Gas Valve Assembly
- Release all the gas pressure by opening the Bleed Valve (Item 9 on the gas Charging Set)
- Disconnect the Charging Set from the Accumulator

Removal of Accumulator Lid & Bladder

- Remove M16 Socket Head Cap Screw (Item 13) and washers (Item 14)
- Remove Lid & Bladder (Item 2) from Accumulator Housing (Item 1)

Cleaning and Inspection

- Clean all metallic components with an organic solvent do not use on rubber components
- Inspect the Bladder (Item 3) for any visible signs of damage. (Cracking or Surface Abrasion etc.)
- Inspect the Housing (Item 1) and Lid (Item 2) both inside and outside for signs of corrosion / mechanical damage.
- Replace any parts found or considered to be defective.
- Replace the following parts irrespective of condition:
 - 1) O-Rings items 7, 8,10, 11 and 12
 - 2) Back -up Ring item 9
- If the unit was removed from the system the connecting O-Rings (items 11 and 12) should be replaced irrespective of condition

Replacement of Bladder - having removed the Accumulator Lid

- Unscrew the Gas Valve Assembly (Item 4) from the Bladder Stem by turning anticlockwise.
- Remove the Locknut (Item 5) from the Bladder Stem by turning the Locknut anti-clockwise, remove the bladder from the Accumulator Lid.

Fitting of Bladder to Lid

• Ensure 'O'-Ring (Item 8) is fitted to new the Bladder's stem. Push the stem through the central hole in the Lid (Item 2) then fit Locknut (Item 5)

Fitting of Bladder & Lid to Accumulator Body

- Checking that all O-Rings & Back-up Rings are in Place. Expel all nitrogen from the Bladder (Item 2) to enable it to pass through the top opening in the Housing (Item 1).
- Insert the assembled Bladder & Lid into the Accumulator Housing aligning the holes in the Lid with the M16 tapped holes in the Housing
- Ensure the M16 Socket Head Cap Screws (Items 13) are in good clean condition then install them together with the M16 Nordlock washers (Items 14) into the top of the Housing
- Tighten Items 13 to a torque of 231Nm (173 lbs.ft)
- Re-fit the Gas Valve Assembly (Item 4) and tighten
- Re-fit the Protective Cap (Item 6) and tighten

Re-Assembly is now complete and the accumulator is ready to be Pre-charged – see details at the top of this section.

PRIOR TO APPLYING HYDRAULIC PRESSURE TO THE SYSTEM THE ACCUMULATOR MUST BE PRECHARGED WITH NITROGEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE INSTRUCTIONS. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL RESULT IN BLADDER FAILURE.

<u>Appendix 8.3 - Energy Monitoring System (EMS) instructions and parts list</u> (optional fit)

An overview of the system

The system works by measuring the velocity of the drop weight just before impact. This value is used, along with the known ram weight, to calculate the kinetic energy of the ram weight before each impact.

To measure the velocity of the drop weight, two magnetic sensors are used to sense a corrugated profile that has been machined into the drop weight. As the corrugations pass the sensors a chain of pulses is generated. The on hammer electronics then condition the pulses, perform some calculations, and format the information. The information is then sent to the display unit in the power pack either via a radio link or a wire link.

Power for the system is provided by 6 batteries (Duracell D type) these are mounted inside the hammer electronics enclosure, battery life is 1000 hours +. A pressure switch mounted on the main hydraulic valve block turns on the system. The system turns off automatically 3-4 minutes after hydraulic pressure is removed.

System Operation

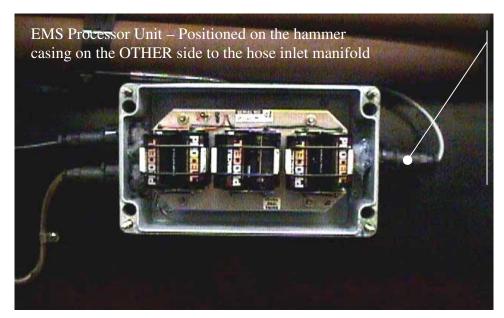
The system can communicate between the hammer and display via either radio or wire link. Decide which is most appropriate for the particular job.

Radio + No physical connection between power pack and hammer

- Needs clear line of sight between hammer antenna and power pack antenna
- Will not work underwater

Wire + Will work underwater

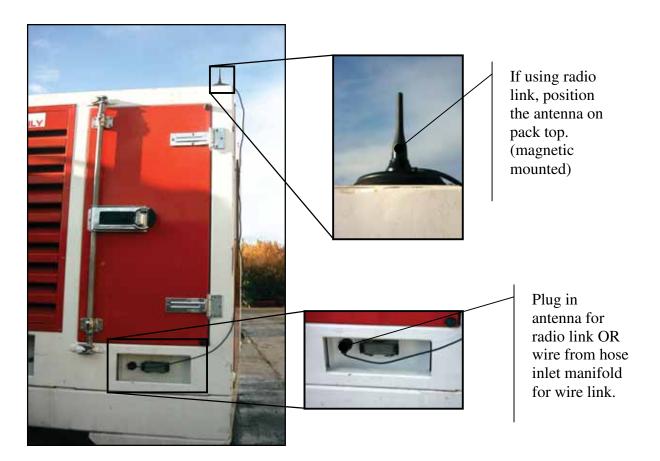
- + Will not be affected by obstructions between hammer and pack
- Requires physical connection



Plug going to the antenna for radio link **OR** plug going to socket on hydraulic inlet manifold for wire link.

If using wire link, the wire to the power pack plugs in here (hydraulic inlet manifold)

Setting the power pack end for radio or wire link:



Using the system

The display has three modes - Running, Lap, and Reset.

• Running: **Top display** - last blow energy.

Middle display - blows per minute (averaged over the last 5 blows). **Bottom display** - live blow counter.

• Lap: **Top display** - average blow energy over

the last lap.

Middle display - frozen blows per minute. **Bottom display** - frozen lap count preceded by a letter "L" as an indication of lap state.

• Reset: **Top display** - radio signal strength 0-100%

Middle display - monitor battery strength

(0-9.0V)

Bottom display - total blows since last reset.



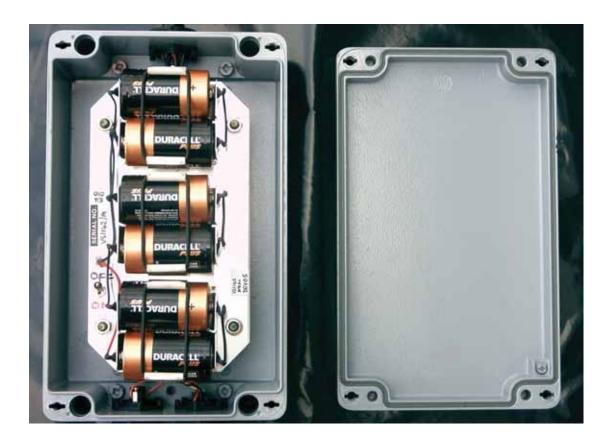
Switching modes

- Press the lap button for less than 1 second to toggle the display between running and lap mode. (the lap counters are reset on entry into the lap mode).
- Holding the lap button for more than 1 second will cause the unit to enter the reset mode (remains in the reset state until the button is released)

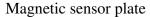
System maintenance Every 500 hours

a. Replace the 6 duracell type D batteries.

Remove the lid of the processor unit (4 M6 nyloc nuts), this is mounted on the hammer casing on the OTHER side to the hydraulic hose inlets. Note the orientation before removing the old batteries. Ensure the protective tape to prevent the batteries from chafing on the steel supports is in place.

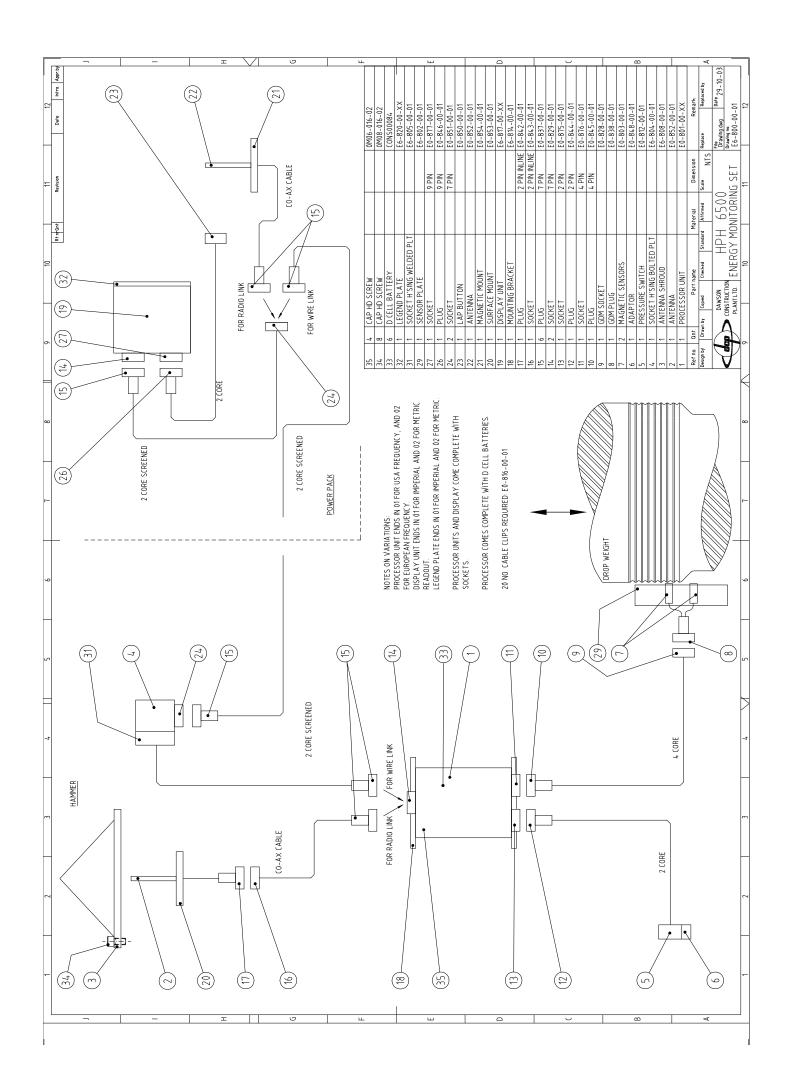


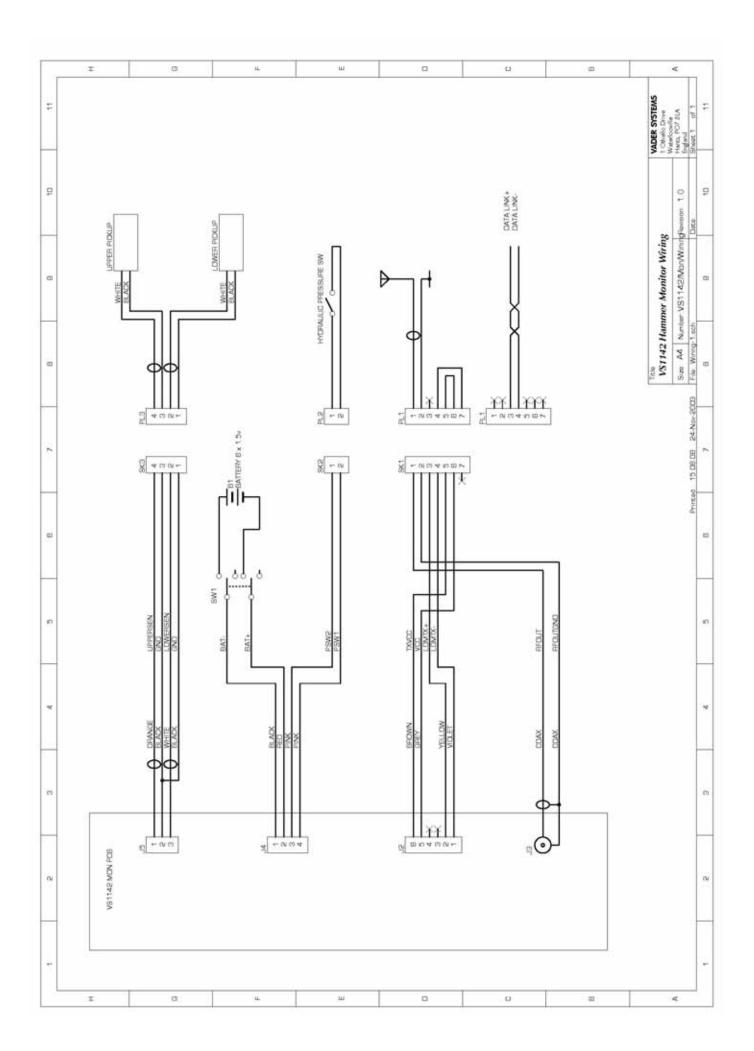
- c. Check all plugs and sockets are screwed up tightly and cabling is in good condition.
- d. Check the two magnetic sensors for physical damage, also measure their resistance. This should be between 300-350 ohms. (across pins 1-2 and 3-4 on the 4 pin plug)
 Replace the complete sensor assembly if there are any signs of damage.

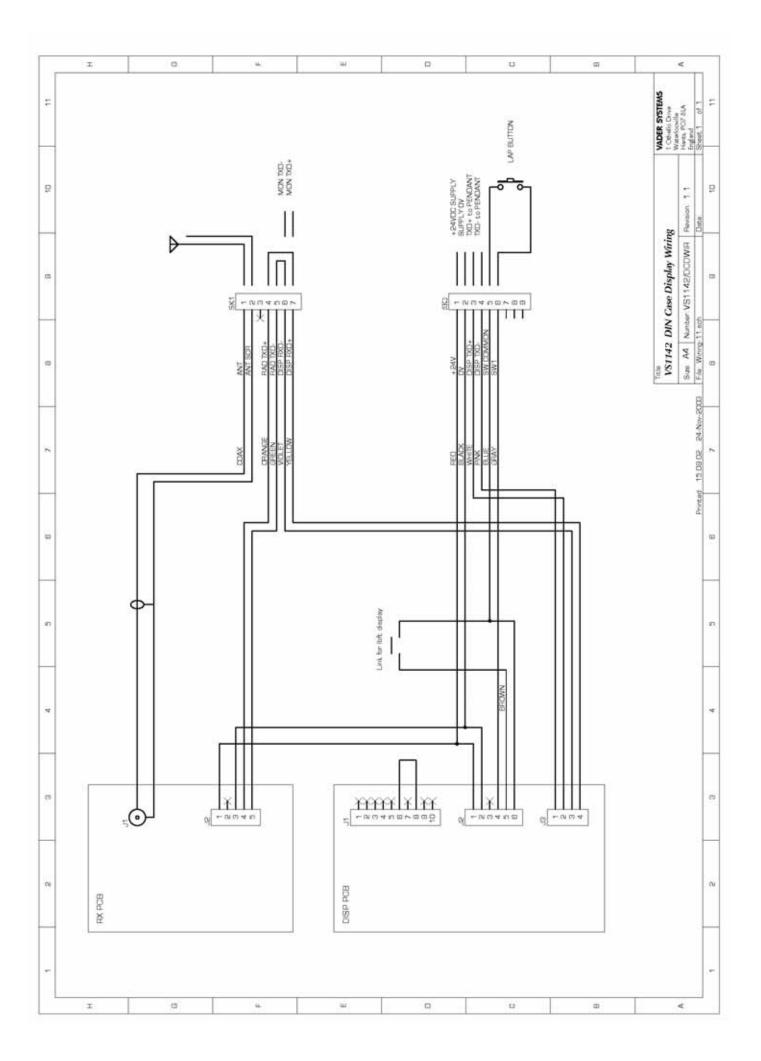


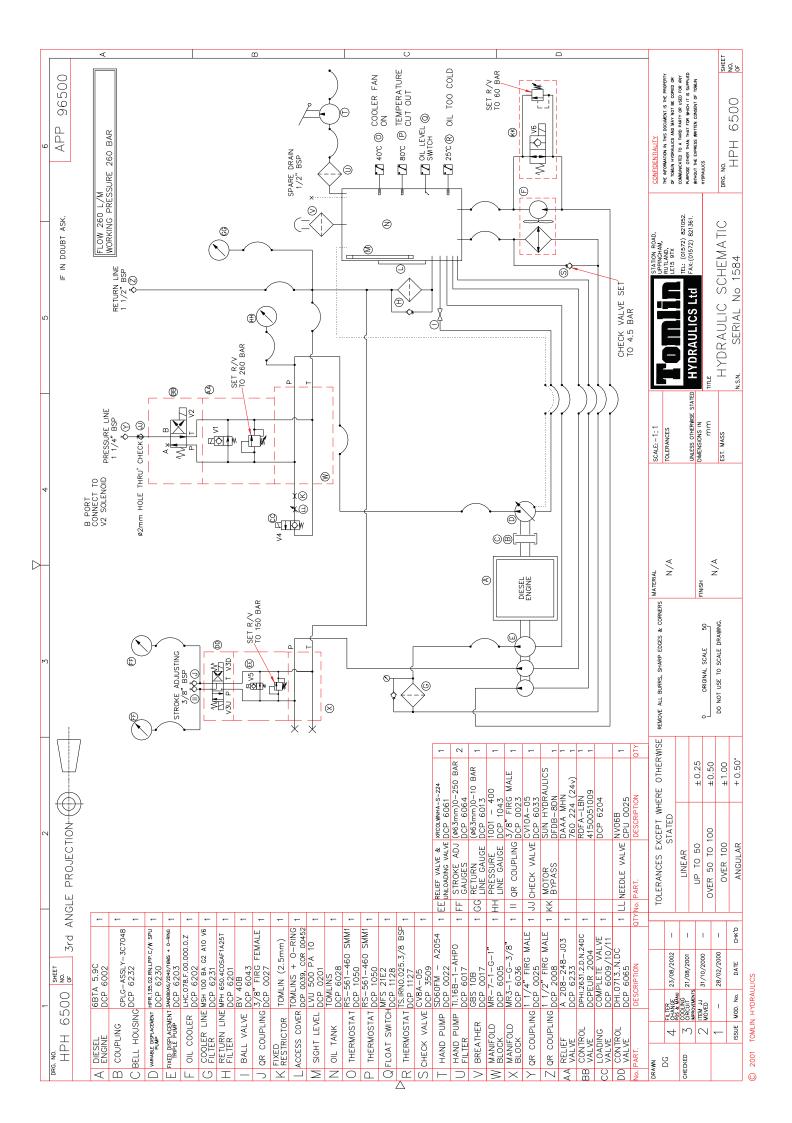


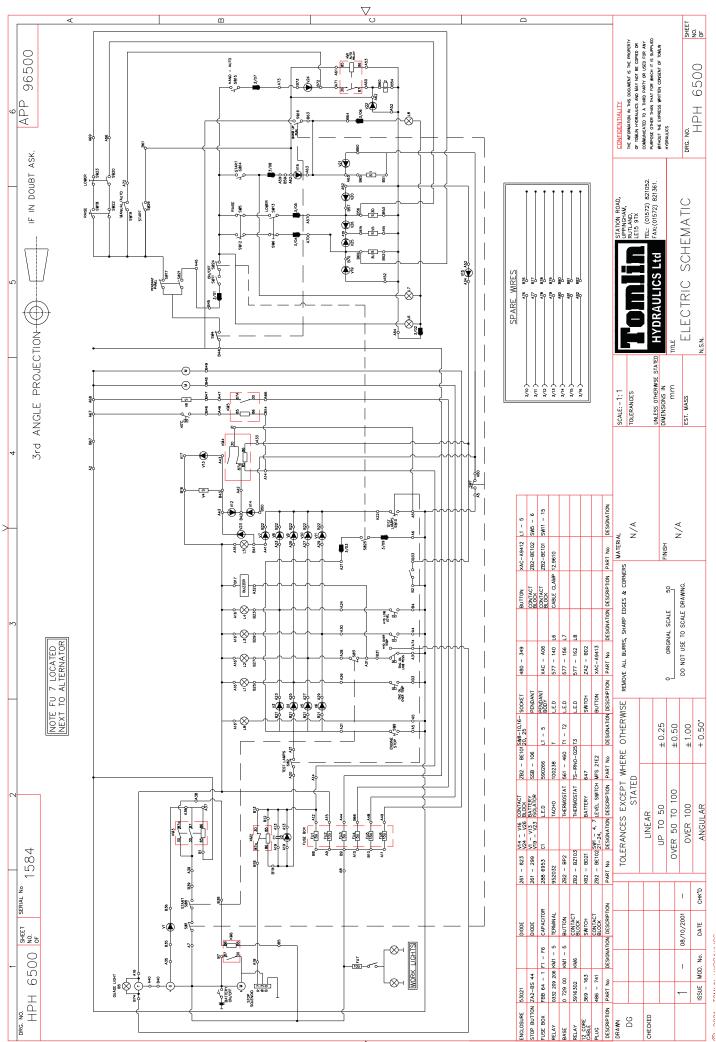




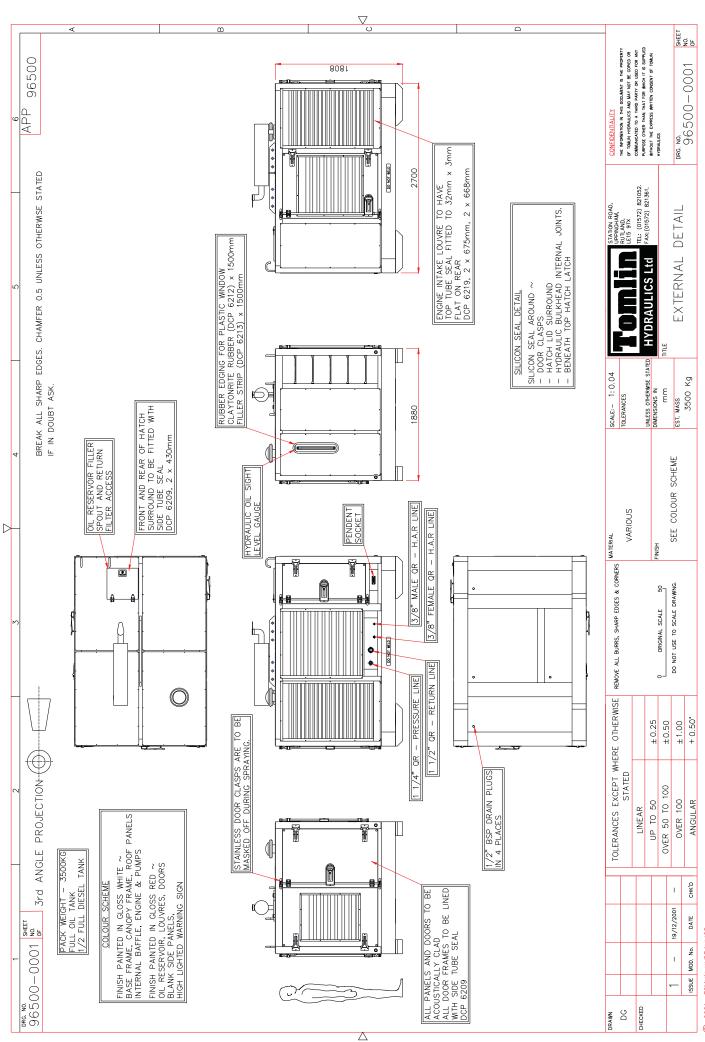




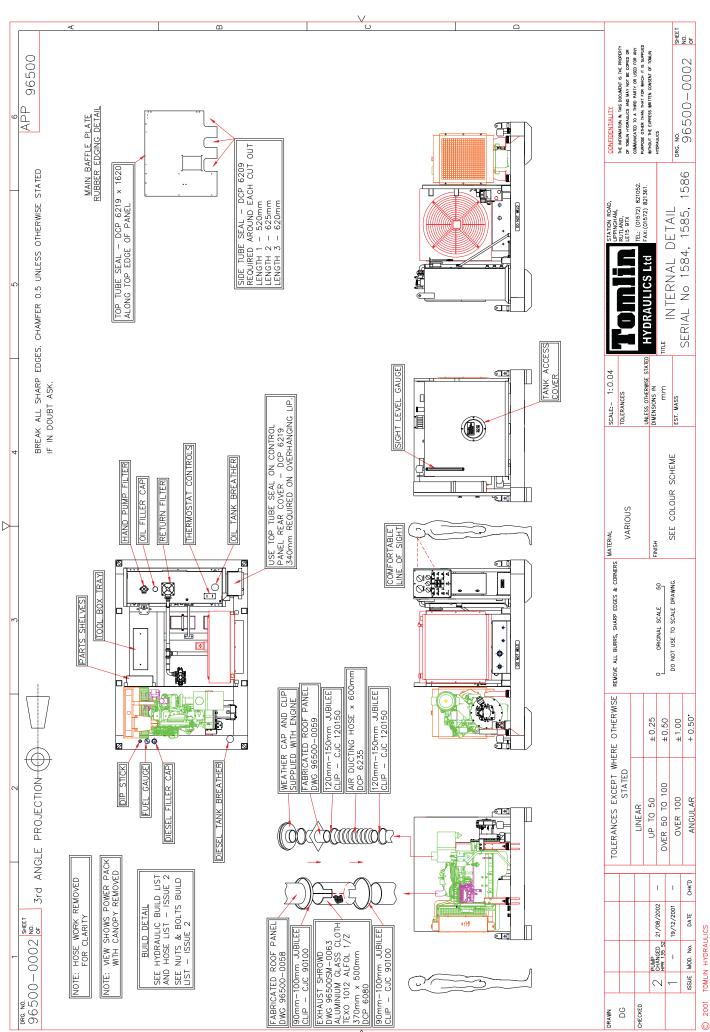




Δ



© 2001 TOMLIN HYDRAULICS



APPENDIX 8.6 -

HYDRAULIC HAMMER TOOL KIT (PART NO. 6.150.00.01)

PART NO.	<u>QTY.</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
065	1 off	3mm Allen Key
066	1 off	4mm Allen Key
067	1 off	5mm Allen Key
068	1 off	6mm Allen Key
2.150.01.01	1 off	8mm Allen Key
2.150.02.01	1 off	12mm Allen Key
2.150.03.01	1 off	14mm Allen Key
070	1 off	17mm Allen Key
1.150.02.01	1 off	19mm Allen Key - long series
1.150.03.01	1 off	22mm Allen Key
2.150.04.01	1 off	10mm Combination Spanner
1.150.12.01	1 off	19mm Combination Spanner
1.150.27.01	1 off	22mm Combination Spanner
1.150.28.01	1 off	24mm Combination Spanner
1.150.29.01	1 off	27mm Combination Spanner
1.150.09.01	1 off	18" Adjustable Spanner
1.150.21.01	1 off	External/Internal Circlip Pliers
1.150.20.01	1 off	5/16" Parallel Pin Punch
1.150.24.01	1 off	Soft Hammer
1.150.18.01	2 off	M24 Lifting Eye
1.150.16.01	1 off	¾" Sliding T Bar
1.150.23.01	1 off	³ / ₄ " 200m Extension
2.150.06.01	1 off	65mm Socket 1" Square Drive
2.150.07.01	1 off	3/4" Fem to 1" Male Convertor
2.150.05.01	1 off	2 ¹ / ₄ " A/F Open End Spanner
1.150.25.01	1 off	Grease Gun
1.070.00.01	1 off	Gas Filling Apparatus
6.150.18.01	1 off	M33 Lifting Point
0M16.130.01	4 off	M16 x 130 Socket Hd Cap Screw



HPH 6500 HYDRAULIC HAMMER & POWER PACK

Dawson Construction Plant Ltd Chesney Wold. Bleak Hall, Milton Keynes, MK6 1NE, England Tel: +44 (0) 1908 240300 Fax: +44 (0) 1908 240222



D.C.P. RESERVES THE RIGHT TO DISCONTINUE EQUIPMENT AT ANY TIME, OR CHANGE SPECIFICATIONS OR DESIGNS WITHOUT NOTICE OR INCURRING OBLIGATIONS